



Keith Koeppen, P.E. Caltrans, District 2 2022

Controlled Helter-Skelter

Definitions/Acronyms

ATMS – Advanced Traffic Management System

AVMS – Advanced Variable Message Sign, aka Model 710 CMS

CCB - Change Control Board

CCO - Contract Change Order

CCTV - Close Circuit Television

CMS – Changeable Message Sign

CT - Caltrans

DMS – Dynamic Message Sign

EMS – Extinguishable Message Sign

HDPE – High Density Polyethylene

IP – Internet Protocol

IRIS – Intelligent Roadway Information System

ITS – Intelligent Transportation Systems

M2M – Machine to Machine

NTCIP – National Transportation Communications for ITS

Protocol

RWIS – Roadside Weather Information System

SMFO – Single Mode Fiber Optic

TEES – Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications

TMC – Transportation Management Center

VMS – Variable Message Sign

VPH – Vehicles per hour

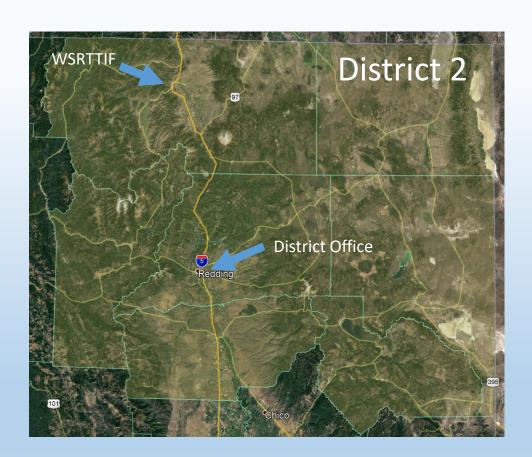
WAN – Wide Area Network

WSRTTIF – Western States Rural Transportation Technology

Implementers Forum

District 2





District 2

- Very Rural District
- Winter Operations
 - 33 passes/summits
 - 172 chain control signs



District 2

- Very Rural District
- Winter Operations
 - 33 passes/summits
 - 172 chain control signs
- Interstate 5
 - Major North/South freight corridor



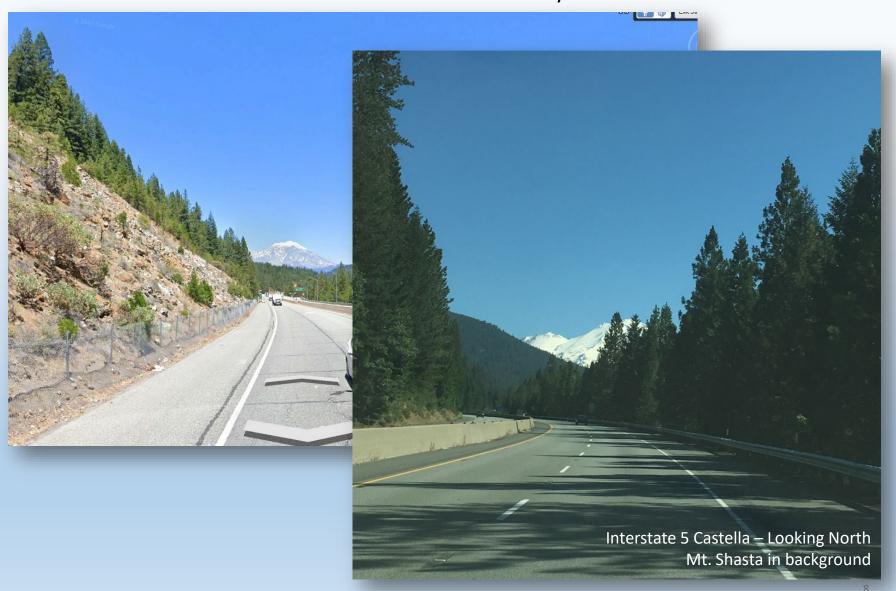
- Sacramento River Canyon
 - Funneling Effect Most traffic north and sound will traverse the canyon
 - Divided Interstate with Median barrier
 - Steep canyon walls
 - Follows the Sacramento River to the Headwaters in Mt. Shasta
 - Subject to significant snow fall in winter
 - Approx. 40 miles long

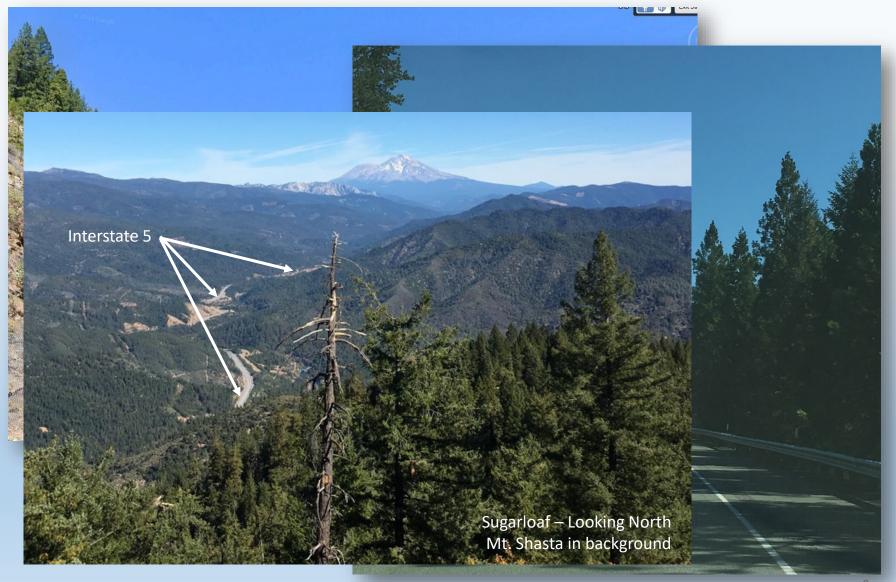


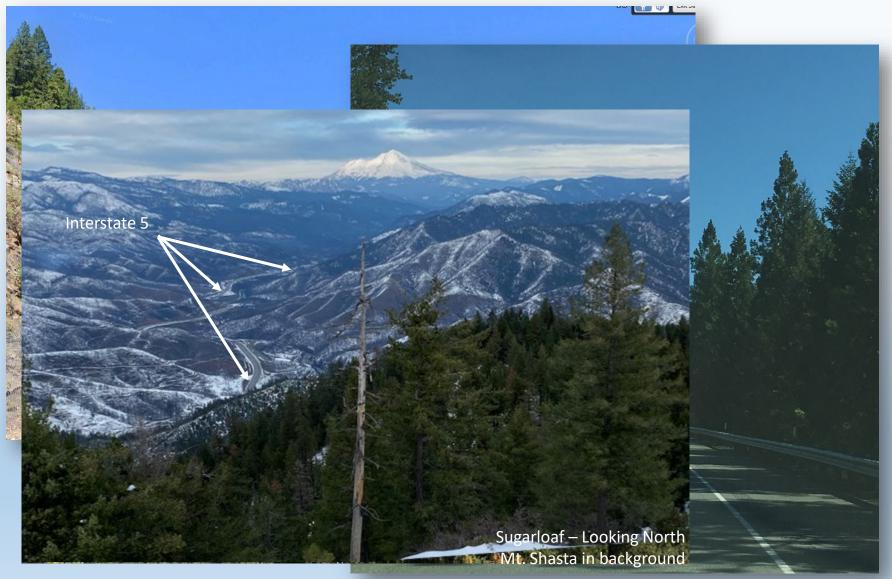
Sacramento River Canyon



Street View? Can we do better?

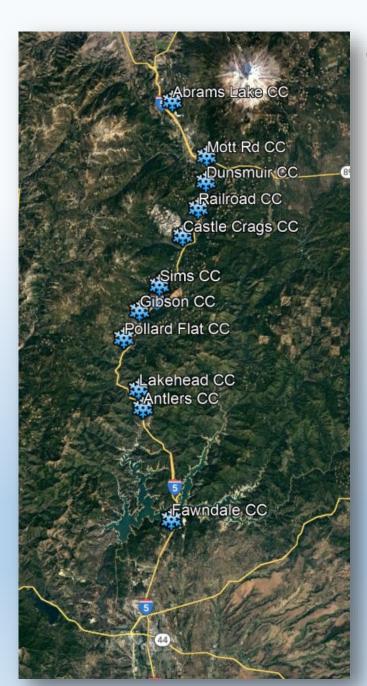












Chain Control Locations

- Chain Control Locations
 - 8 chain control signs / chain on locations
 - 3 watch sign location (non-restrictive)



Chain Control Signage

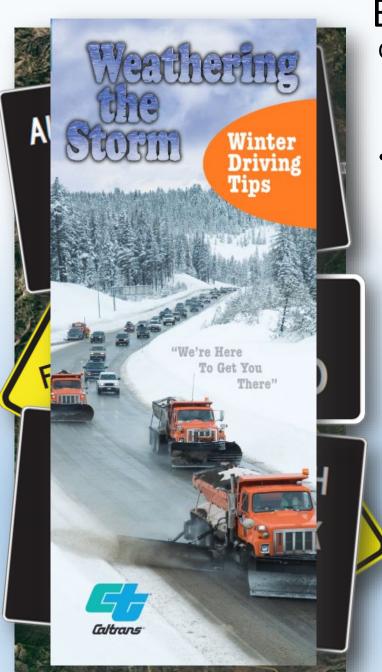
- Chain Control Locations
 - 8 chain control signs / chain on locations
 - 3 watch sign location (non-restrictive)
- Chain Control Watch Signs
 - Advises motorist of winter driving conditions
 - Advisory



Chain Control Signage

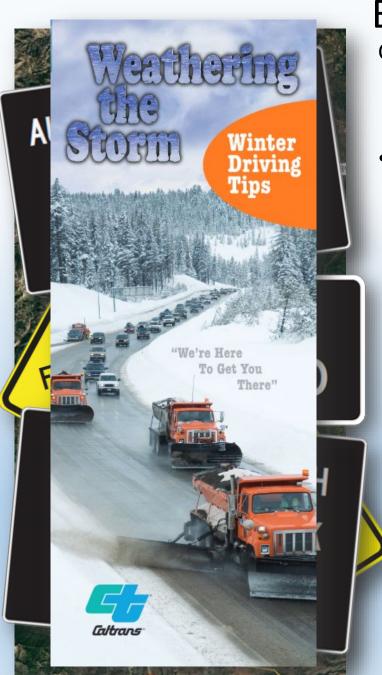
- Chain Control Locations
 - 8 chain control signs / chain on locations
 - 3 watch sign location (non-restrictive)
- Chain Control Watch Signs
 - Advises motorist of winter driving conditions
 - Advisory
- Chain Control Signs
 - Informs motorist of current chain control restrictions and requirements
 - Regulatory





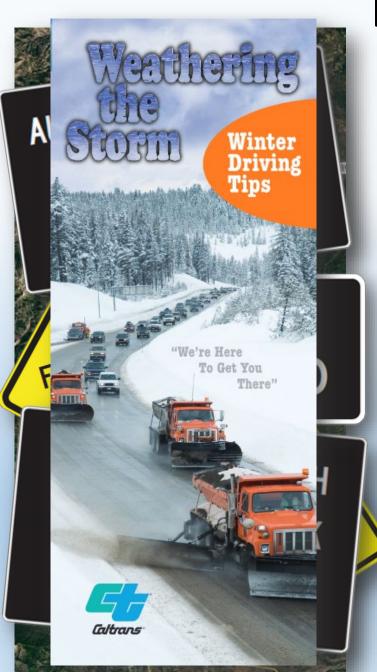
Chain Control Levels

- Chain Control Levels (District 2)
 - R-0 No Restrictions
 - R-1 (Modified) Trucks and vehicles pulling trailers require chains, traction devices or snow tires on the drive axle of all vehicles except four wheel or all wheel drive vehicles
 - R-1 Chains, traction devices or snow tires are required on the drive axle of all vehicles except four wheel or all wheel drive vehicles
 - R-2 Chains or traction devices are required on all vehicles except four wheel / all wheel drive vehicles with snow treaded tires on all wheels



Chain Control Levels

- Chain Control Levels (District 2) (con't)
 - Truck Hold (TH) All truck trailer combinations are being held at the chain check point due to accidents or weather-related conditions
 - Truck Screening (TS) All trucks must stop at the chain check point, Caltrans is currently screening for chains. Drivers must have maximum chains in their possession in order to proceed. Trucks without chains will be turned around. Permit loads are prohibited over the summit
 - Vehicle Metering (VM) Traffic control is in effect to meter vehicles at the chain check point in order to reduce traffic congestion in the mountain areas
 - Road Closed (RS) Road Closed



Chain Control Levels

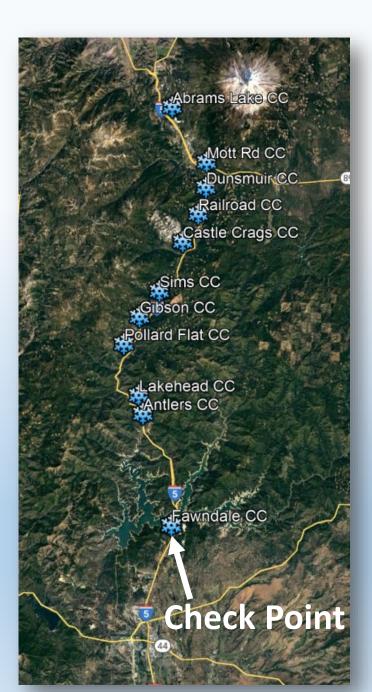
- Chain Control Levels (District 2) (con't)
 - Truck Hold (TH) All truck trailer combinations are being held at the chain check point due to accidents or weather-related conditions
 - Truck Screening (TS) All trucks must stop at the chain check point, Caltrans is curred in any for chains Driver in the chain Driver

Check Point?

.. and ournmit

- Vehicle Metering (VM) Traffic control is in effect to meter vehicles at the chain check point in order to reduce traffic congestion in the mountain areas
- Road Closed (RS) Road Closed

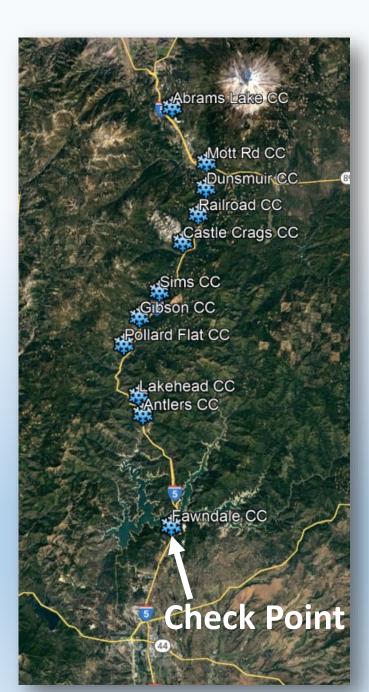
out



Check Point

- Ensures motorist have proper traction devices before entering the Sacramento River Canyon
- Allows for metering vehicles when chain conditions are active

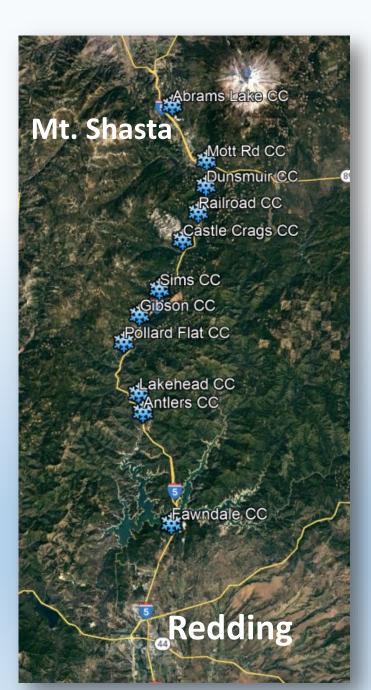




Check Point

- Limited resources to respond
 - Plowing
 - Traffic collisions/spin outs
 - Towing
- Limited resources for motorist
 - Fuel
 - Food
 - Lodging





Check Point

- Limited resources to respond
 - Plowing
 - Traffic collisions/spin outs
 - Towing
- Limited resources for motorist
 Mt. Shasta
 - Fuel
 - Food
 - Lodging
- Nearest Major Town Centers
 - Mt. Shasta 40 miles
 - Redding 60 miles



So, what's the problem?

• Snow?



- Snow?
- Trucks?



- Snow?
- Trucks?
- Queuing?



- Snow?
- Trucks?
- Queuing?



- Snow?
- Trucks?
- Queuing?
- Enroute Traveler Information?



- Snow?
- Trucks?
- Queuing?
- Enroute Traveler Information?
- Not enough lanes?

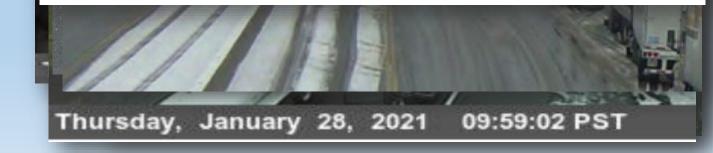


So, what's the problem?

- Snow?
- Trucks?
- Queuing?
- Enroute Traveler Information?
- Not enough lanes?
- Operations?



"So what happened is that this morning around 2 a.m. there was a break in the weather and we had good driving conditions with chains being required (on) northbound I-5 from Pollard Flat north so Caltrans went ahead and tried to open it up and screen vehicles to make sure they had the chains," said Jason Morton, Public Information Officer with CHP Redding.



So, what's the problem?

- Snow? YES!
- Trucks? YES!
- Queuing? YES!
- Enroute Traveler Information? YES!
- Operations? YES!



 Not enough lanes? YES! ak in the weather and we had good driving conditions with chains being required (on) northbound I-5 from Pollard Flat north so Caltrans went ahead and tried to open it up and screen vehicles to make sure they had the chains," said Jason Morton, Public Information Officer with CHP Redding.



So, what's the problem?



- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps



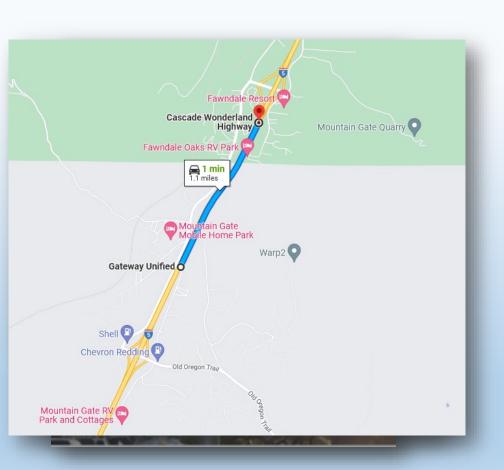
- Queuing Impacts
 - Vehicles not needing to be screen
 - First Responders
 - Snow removal operations
 - Communities
 - Traffic Hazards
 - Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps
- Queuing extends several miles
 - Screening location

So, what's the problem?



- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - · Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps
- Queuing extends several miles
 - Screening location
 - 1-mile queue

So, what's the problem?



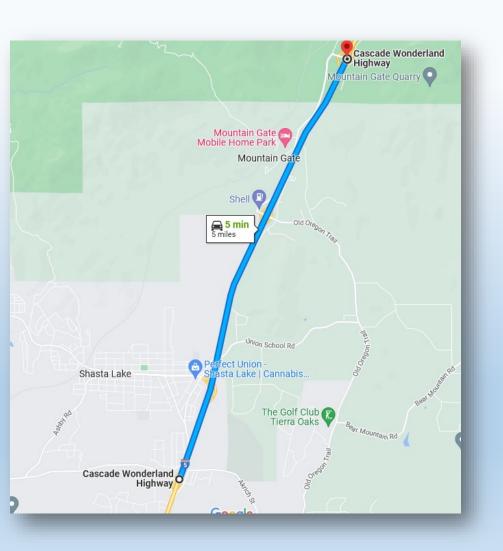
- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - · Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps
- Queuing extends several miles
 - Screening location
 - 1-mile queue

So, what's the problem?



- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - · Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps
- Queuing extends several miles
 - Screening location
 - 1-mile queue
 - 5-mile queue

So, what's the problem?



- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - · Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps
- Queuing extends several miles
 - Screening location
 - 1-mile queue
 - 5-mile queue

So, what's the problem?



Queuing Impacts

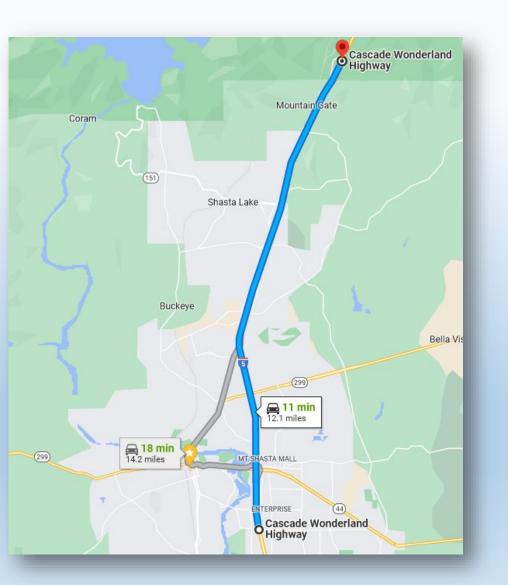
- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps

Queuing extends several miles

- Screening location
- 1-mile queue
- 5-mile queue
- 12-mile queue

Background

So, what's the problem?



Queuing Impacts

- Vehicles not needing to be screen
- First Responders
- Snow removal operations
- Communities
- Traffic Hazards
 - · Parking on Shoulders
 - Parking on On/Off Ramps

Queuing extends several miles

- Screening location
- 1-mile queue
- 5-mile queue
- 12-mile queue

Background

Look Familiar?









*WSDOT I-90 Snoqualmie Pass

Background

WSDOT I-90 Snoqualmie Pass

- WSDOT Previous Presentation at WSRTTIF (2014)
- Compare / Contrast



Corridor Issues

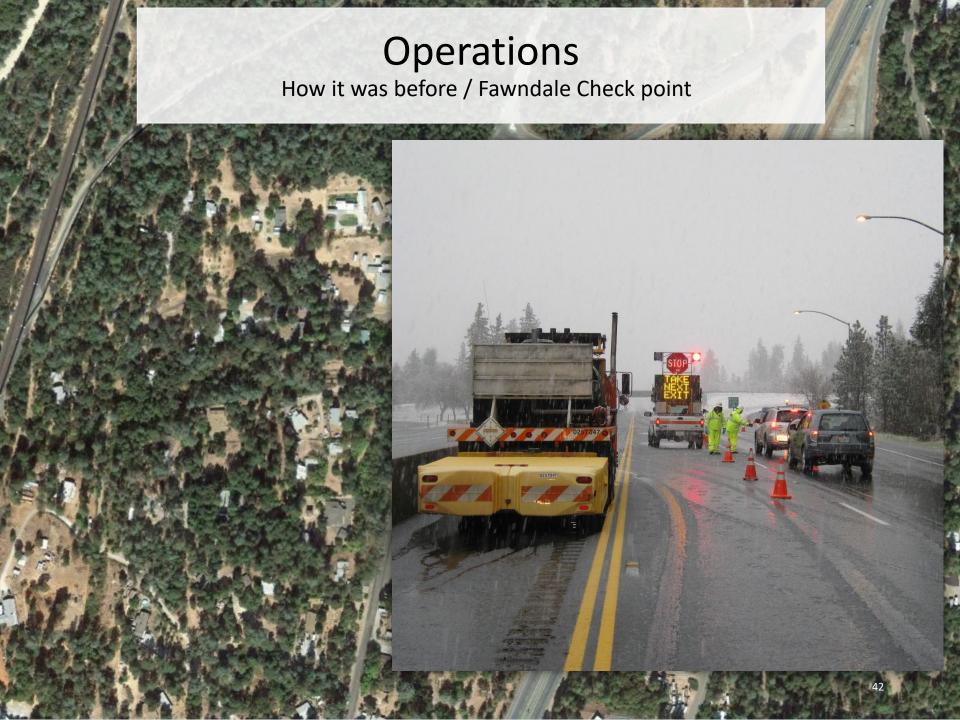
Similarities

- Backup/Congestion
- Truck "parking" waiting for conditions to improve
- Lane striping hardly visible during heavy snow
- Shoulder areas become an extra "lane"
- Services are limited within the corridor

Differences

- Chain requirements not always required at check point (CT)
- Issue location relative to the corridor
 - CT Before the start of the corridor
 - WA Middle of the corridor
- Maintenance Crews physically meter/check chains (CT)
- Motorist are turned around at check point (CT)

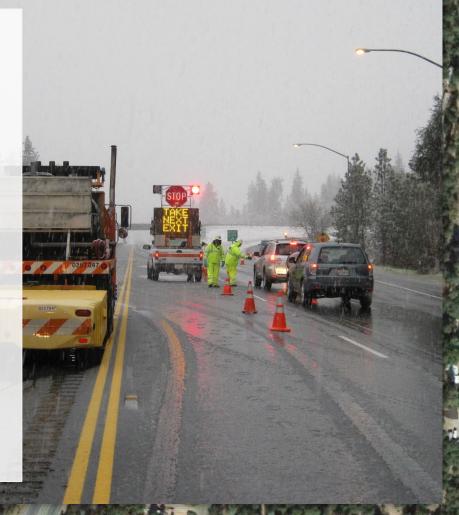


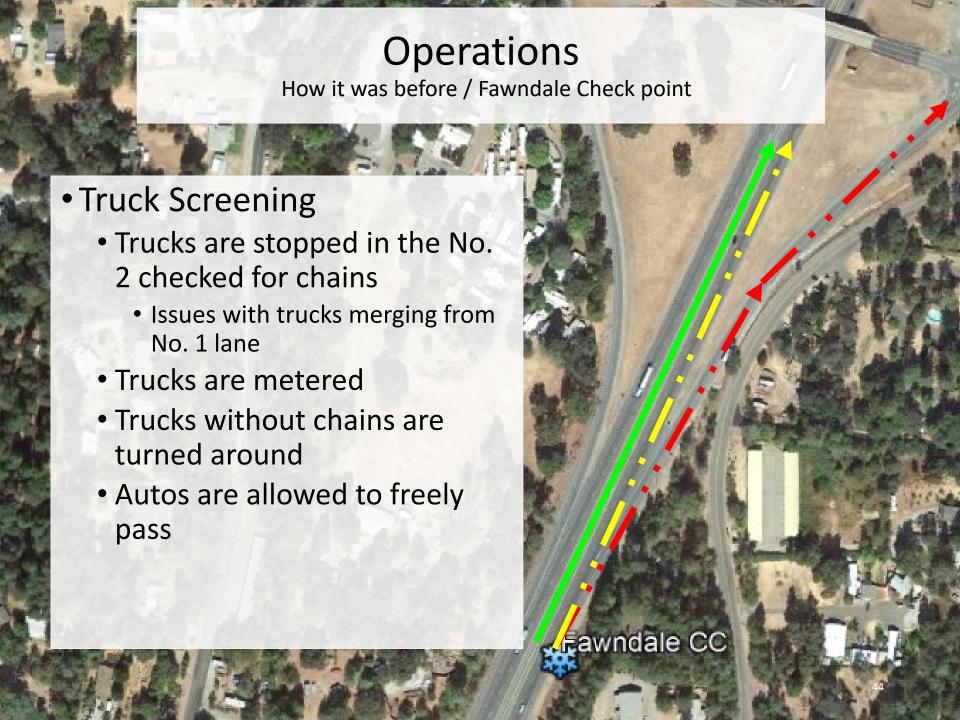


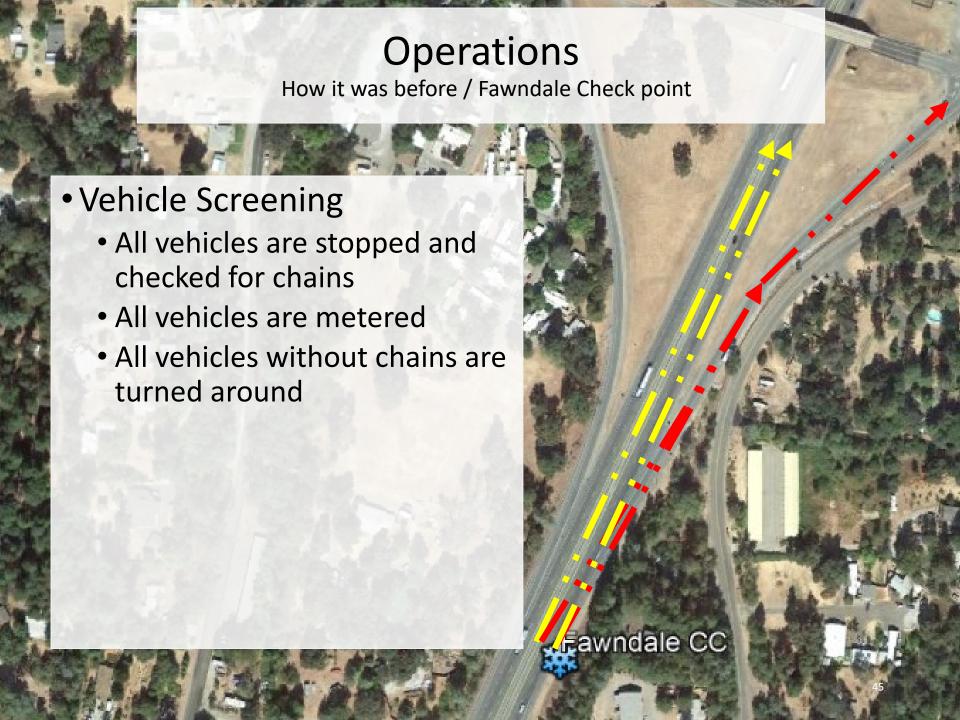
Operations

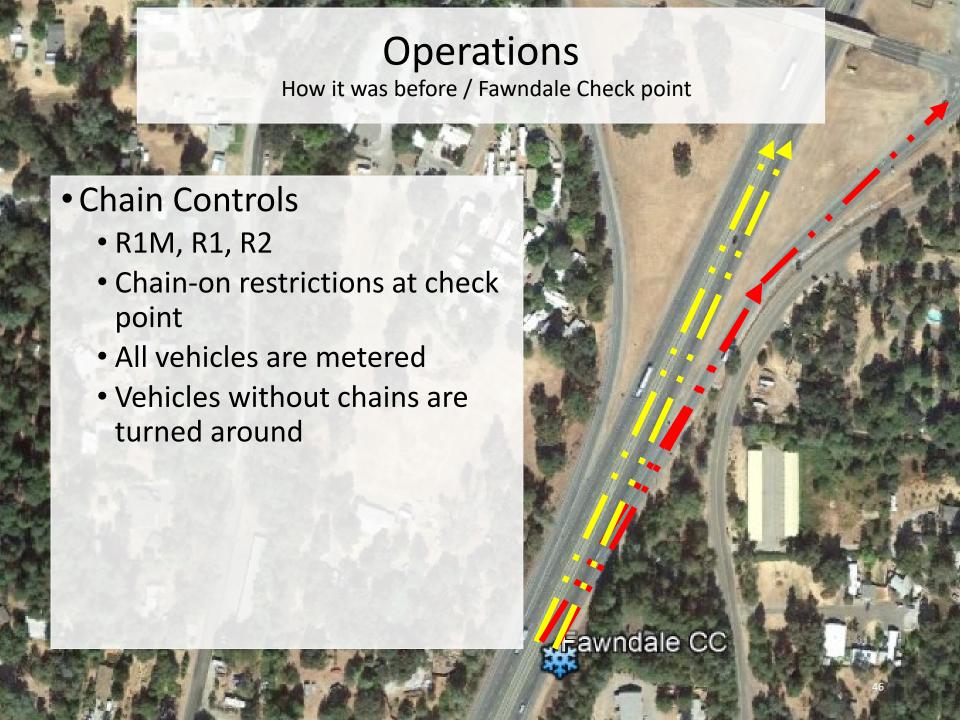
How it was before / Fawndale Check point

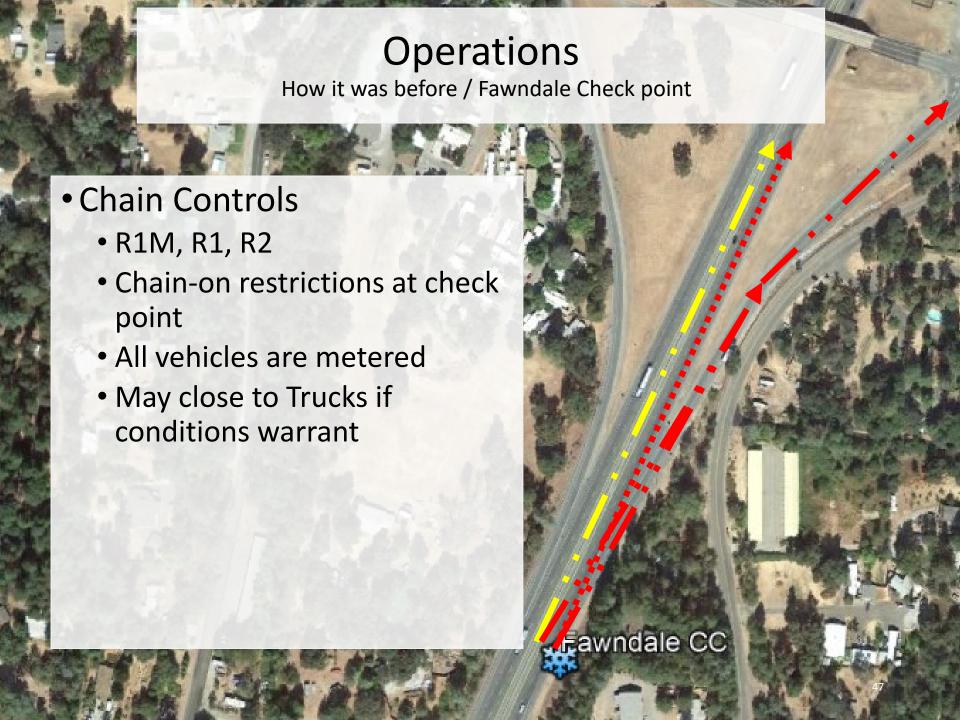
- Chain Control Escalation
 - No Restrictions
 - Truck Screening
 - Vehicle Screening
 - Chain Controls
 - Total Closure

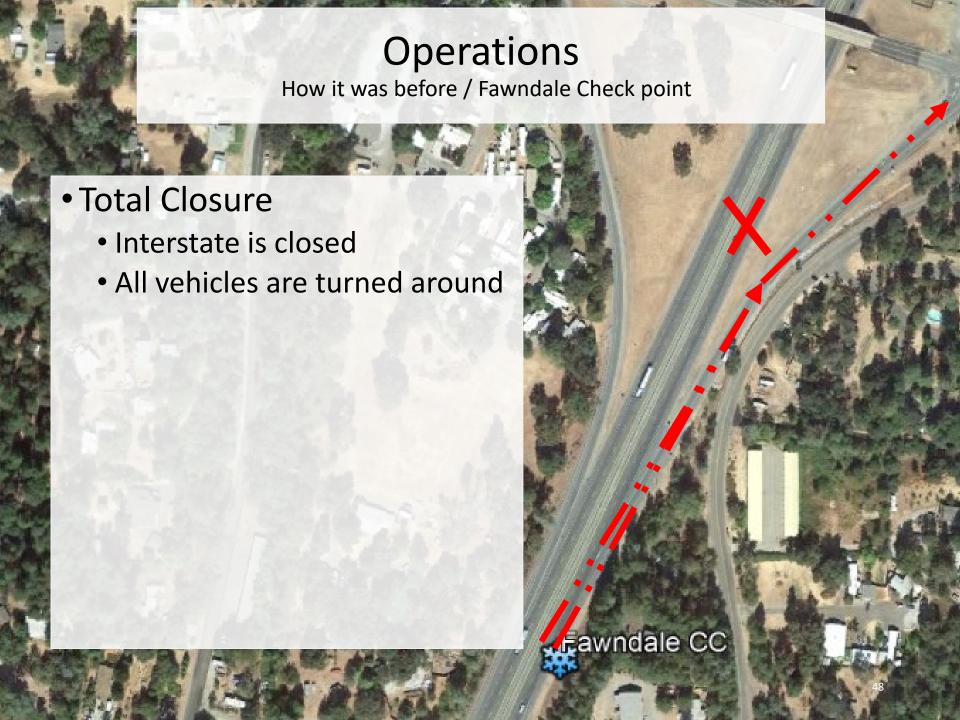








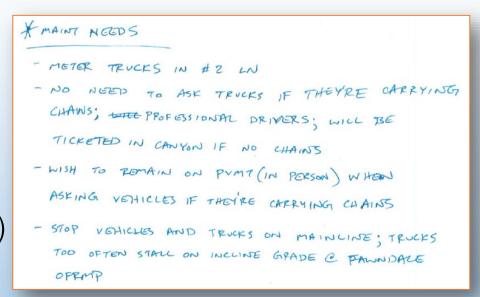






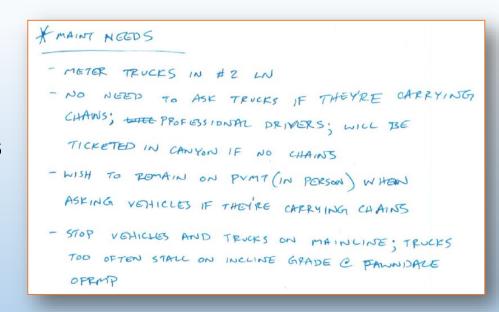
Needs from Field Maintenance

- Need to have Autos in No. 1 lane
- Need to have Trucks in No. 2 lane
- Need to encourage vehicle to use prior exits to turn around
- Need to stop trucks on mainline
 - Off ramp trucks stall or slip in icy conditions
- Minimize worker exposure (automation)
- Needs to be field controlled by maintenance
- Needs to have simple operation



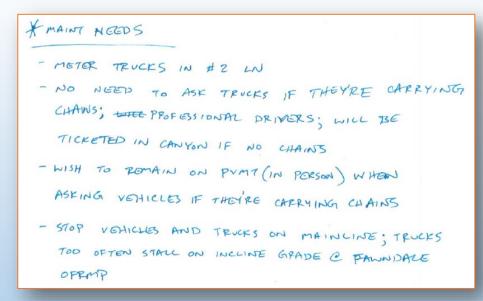
Needs from TMC

- Need to operate with standard field elements
 - CCTV
 - CMS
 - EMS
- Needs to be visible to TMC Operators
- Needs to provide clear and direct instructions to the traveling public
- Needs be treated as a corridor
 - Several locations



Needs from ITS

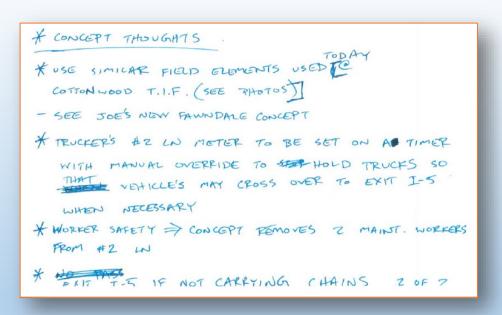
- Need to operate with standard field elements
 - CCTV
 - CMS
 - EMS
- Needs to be interconnected with appropriate State-owned infrastructure
 - Roadside Fiber
 - Microwave Backhaul
- Needs to be flexible to adapt to technology changes



Early Concept

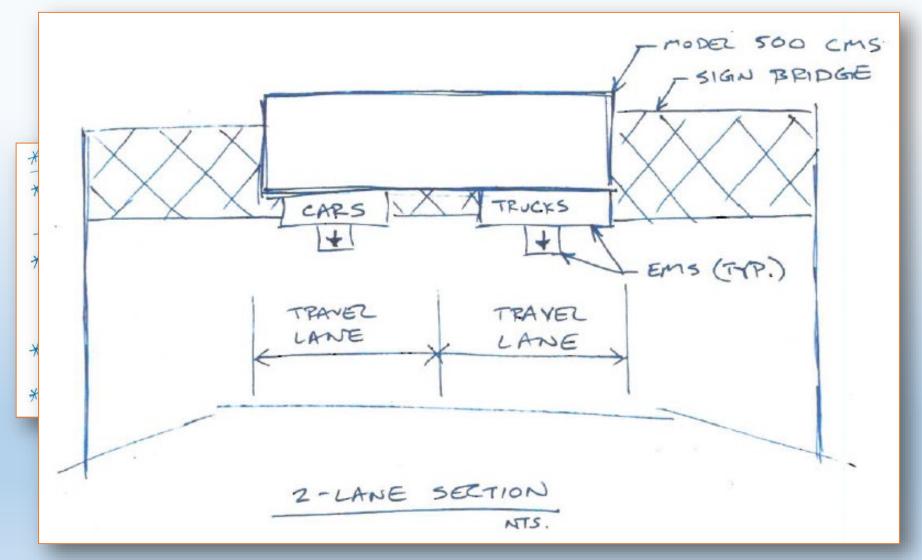
* CONCEPT THOUGHTS * USE SIMILAR FIELD ELEMENTS USED TO COTTON WOOD T.I.F. (SEE PHOTOS) - SEE JOE'S NEW FAWNDALE CONCEPT * TRUCKER'S AZ LN METER TO BE SET ON AS TIMER WITH MANUAL OVERFIDE TO STAT HOLD TRUCKS SO * VEHICLE'S MAY CROSS OVER TO EXIT I-5 WHEN NECESSARY * WORKER SAFETY => CONCEPT PEMOVES Z MAINT. WORKERS FROM #2 LN EXIT T-5 IF NOT CARRYING CHAINS ZOF ?

Early Concept

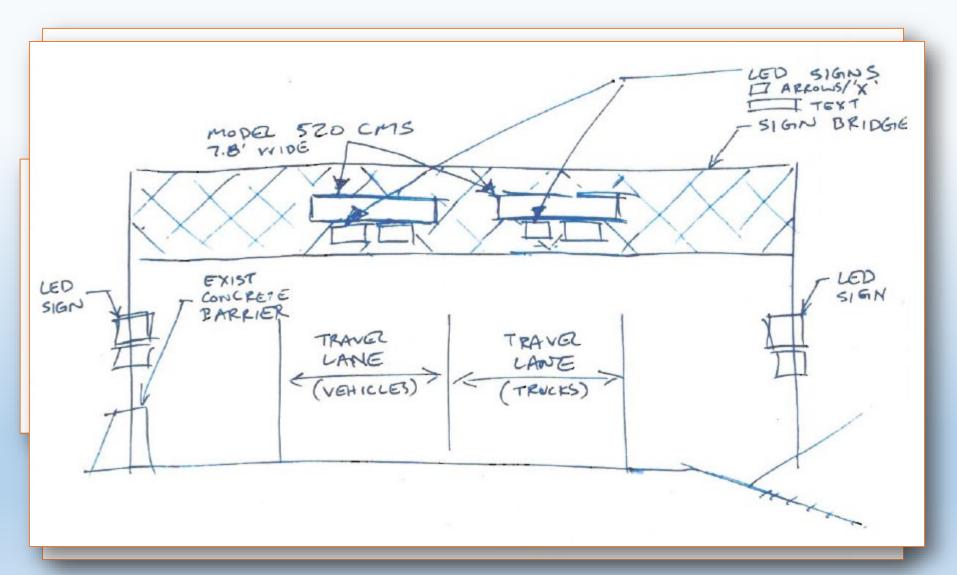


- Using a timer in No. 2 lane for trucks
 - Similar to ramp metering
- Manual override for local crews
- Guard Shack / Command Shack
- Local simple control by maintenance crew
- Use of CMS signs with EMS on signs bridge
- Lane control signs / Directing Vehicles

Early Concept



Early Concept





Welcome the Design Committee!

Sign Messages

Who determines sign message?

TMC / Maintenance

I-5 CLOSED AHEAD
TAKE EXIT 689
AT FAWNDALE RD

I-5 CLOSED
DUE TO SNOW
TAKE NEXT EXIT

CHAIN CHECK
TRUCKS / VEHICLES
WITH TRAILERS

CHAINS
TAKE OFF RAMP

Controlling Elements

Who determines sign message?

TMC / Maintenance

 Who determines EMS vs Lane Control vs Blank out? ITS









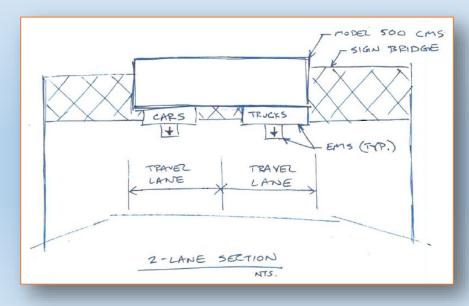
Sign Structure and Layout

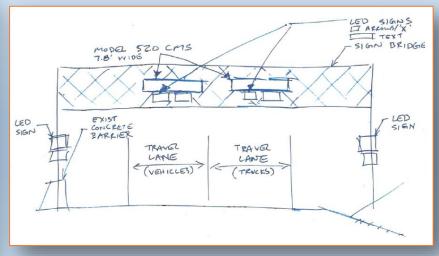
Who determines sign message?

TMC / Maintenance

- Who determines EMS vs Lane Control vs Blank out? ITS
- Who determines one CMS vs two CMS?

TMC / ITS





Regulatory vs Advisory

Who determines sign message?

TMC / Maintenance

- Who determines EMS vs Lane Control vs Blank out? ITS
- Who determines one CMS vs two CMS?

TMC / ITS

 Who determines regulatory vs advisory? Sign Group

> I-5 CLOSED TO TRUCKS AHEAD

I-5 CLOSED TO TRUCKS AHEAD

Locations

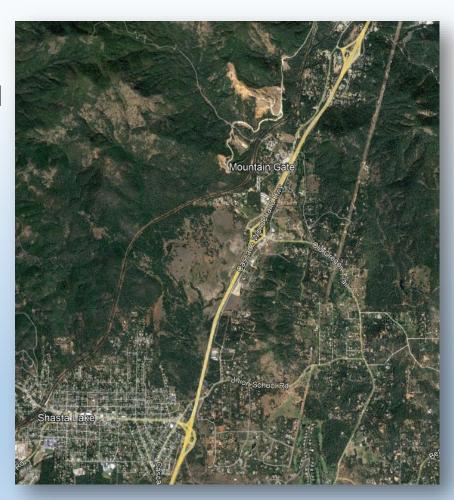
Who determines sign message?

TMC / Maintenance

- Who determines EMS vs Lane Control vs Blank out? ITS
- Who determines one CMS vs two CMS?

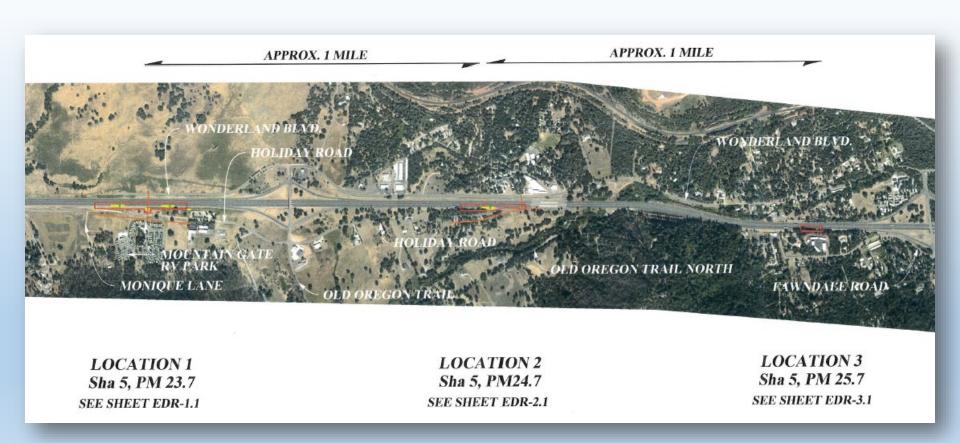
TMC / ITS

- Who determines regulatory vs advisory? Sign Group
- Who determines locations?
 - TMC (Operations)
 - Maintenance (Operations)
 - ITS (Communication/Power)
 - Design
 - Right of Way



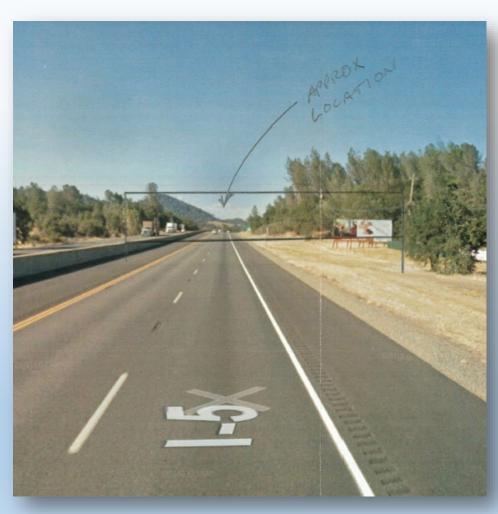
Locations

Proposed locations



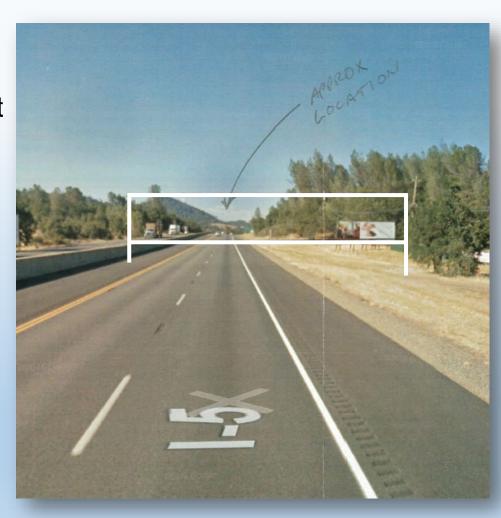
Locations

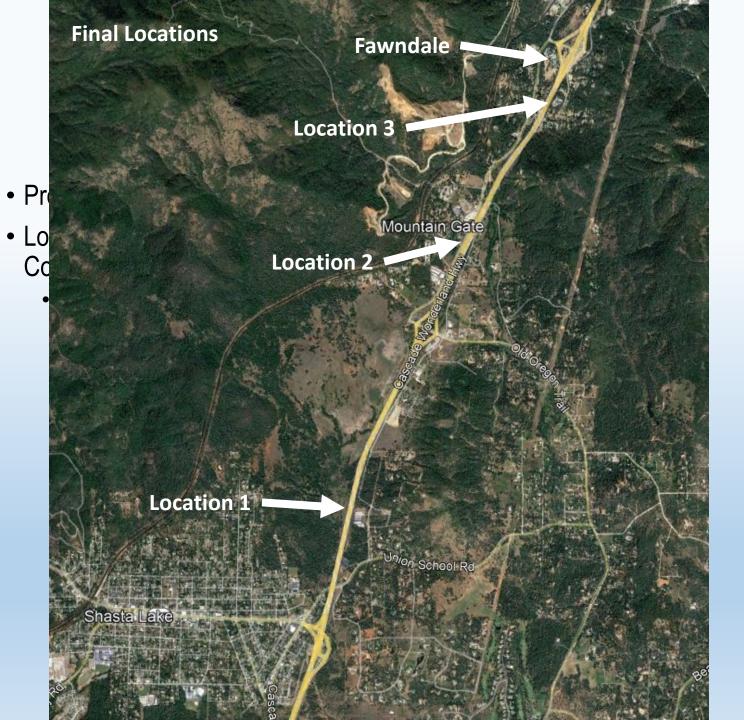
- Proposed locations
- Location Changes Viewshed Permit Concerns
 - Location 1 was moved 200' north to not interfere with billboard



Locations

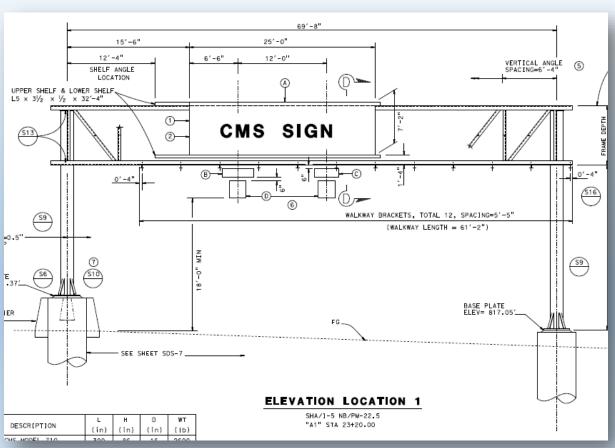
- Proposed locations
- Location Changes Viewshed Permit Concerns
 - Location 1 was moved 200' north to not interfere with billboard





Physical Layout

- Proposed locations
- Location Changes Viewshed Permit Concerns
 - Location 1 was moved to with billboard
- Physical Layout



Capital Outlay Design

- Conceptual Design Finished Now time to have formal design
- Included in District wide worker and public safety project.
 - Enhance safety at 15 chain on areas (not covered in presentation)
 - Paving, Lengthening, Widening, Lighting, Tunable Signs
 - Enhance safety and operations in the Fawndale area (major part of project)
 - Improve work safety by reducing worker exposure to live traffic
 - Meets all the operational needs at Fawndale
 - Provides clear and easily understandable directions to the traveling public
 - Is easily maintained (including low repair costs, use of standard/replaceable long life components, etc)
 - Is easily operated (including pre-programmed 1 button scenario activations that turn all components for that operation)

WSDOT vs Caltrans Design

WSDOT Previous Presentation at WSRTTIF (2014)



WSDOT vs Caltrans Designs

I-90 Chain-up Proposed Designs

To help the Chain-up areas several ideas were purposed.

- Increase the width Chain-up areas
- Increase the length of the chain up areas
- Use different colored lights or zones to direct trucks to current open areas
- Increase enforcement for those who linger longer than they need to
- Use variable message signs (VMS) to direct chain up operations
- Use cameras to keep track of what is happening in the area

WSDOT vs Caltrans Designs

WSDOT Design

- Standalone Project
- Geometrics to increase lanes
- 9 VMS/CMS
 - 6 Full Color
 - 3 Amber
- 6 Cameras
- 2 Data Stations
- 1 Meter control

Caltrans Design

- District wide project
 - Heavy emphasis on single location
- Geometrics were not an option
- 3 CMS Amber

- 2 Camera / 1 Upgraded Camera
- 6 Blank Out Signs (Advisory)
- 6 Lane Control Signs (Regulatory)

WSDOT vs Caltrans Designs

WSDOT Design

- Fiber Optic Communication
 - Entire length of project
 - 48 strand SMFO
- Power
 - Joint trench with utility for power
- 2 VMS per overhead structure

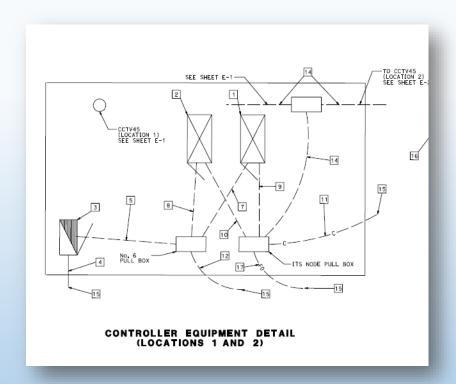
Primary purpose is to facilitate efficient chain-on activities

Caltrans Design

- Fiber Optic Communication
 - Entire length of project
 - 12 strand SMFO
- Power
 - Individual Services no power conduits entire length of project
- 1 CMS per overhead structure
 - 2 Blank Out Signs per overhead
 - 2 Lane Control Signs per over head
- Primary purpose is to facilitate efficient corridor operations and safety

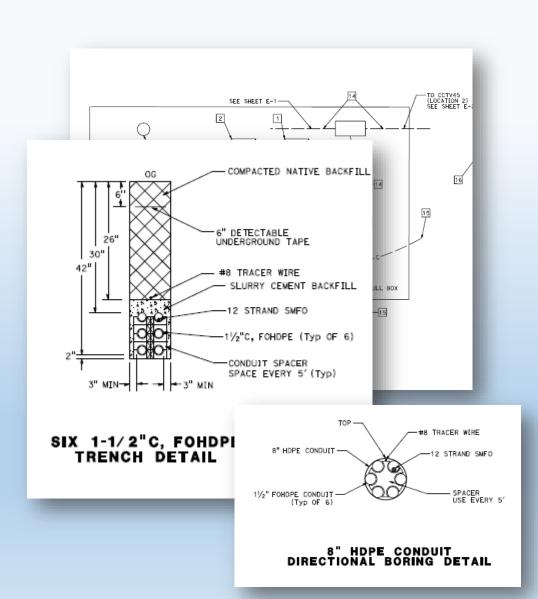
Electrical

- Requirements for each location
 - Standard Controller Walkway
 - ITS Nodes
 - Power Service
 - Fiber Interconnect

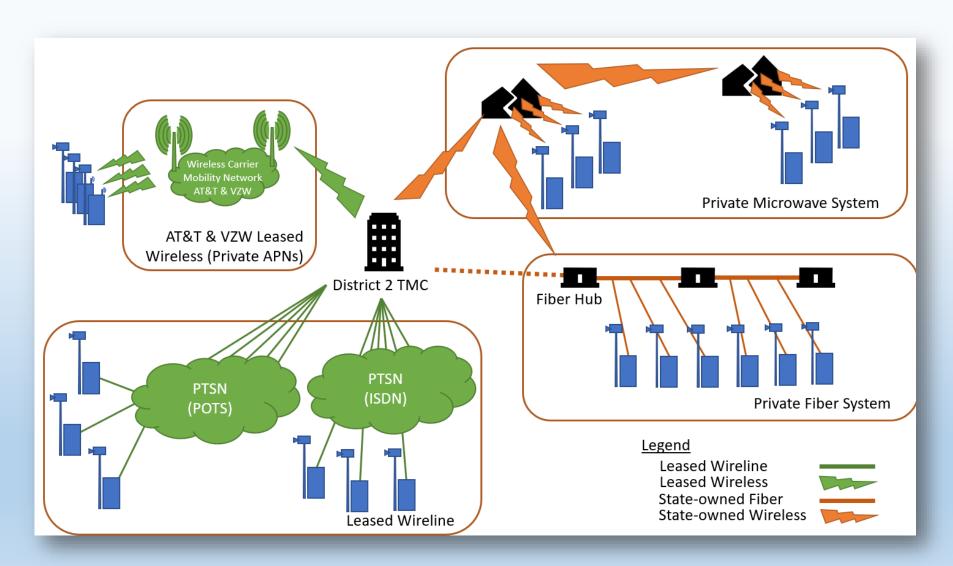


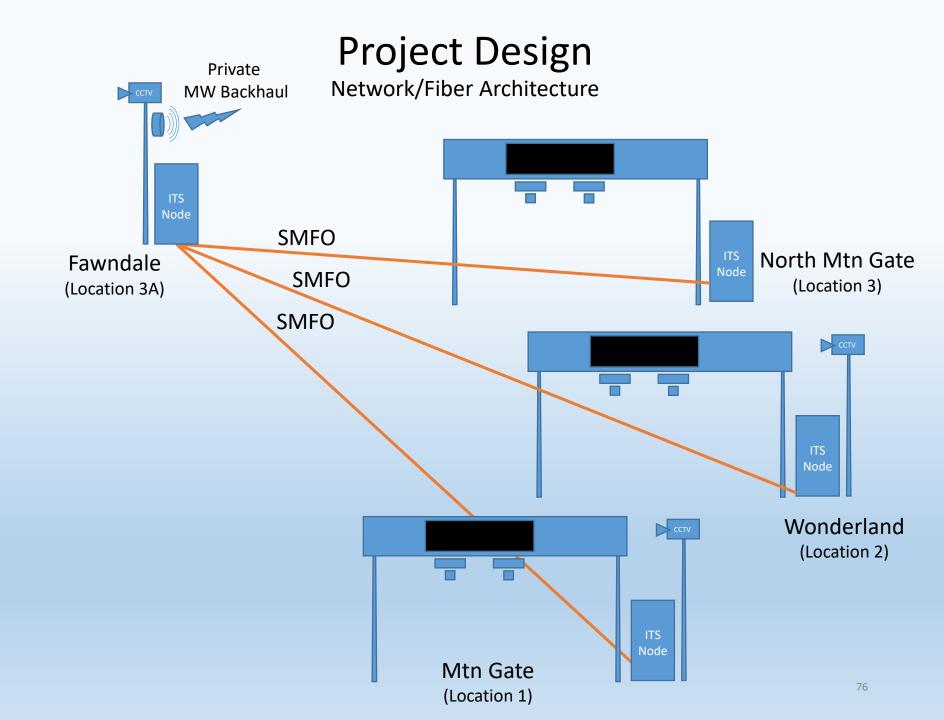
Electrical

- Requirements for each location
 - Standard Controller Walkway
 - ITS Nodes
 - Power Service
 - Fiber Interconnect
- Requirements for Fiber Backbone
 - 6 1 ½ HDPE
 - Concrete encased
 - 12 strand SMFO for interconnects
 - Future expansion considered

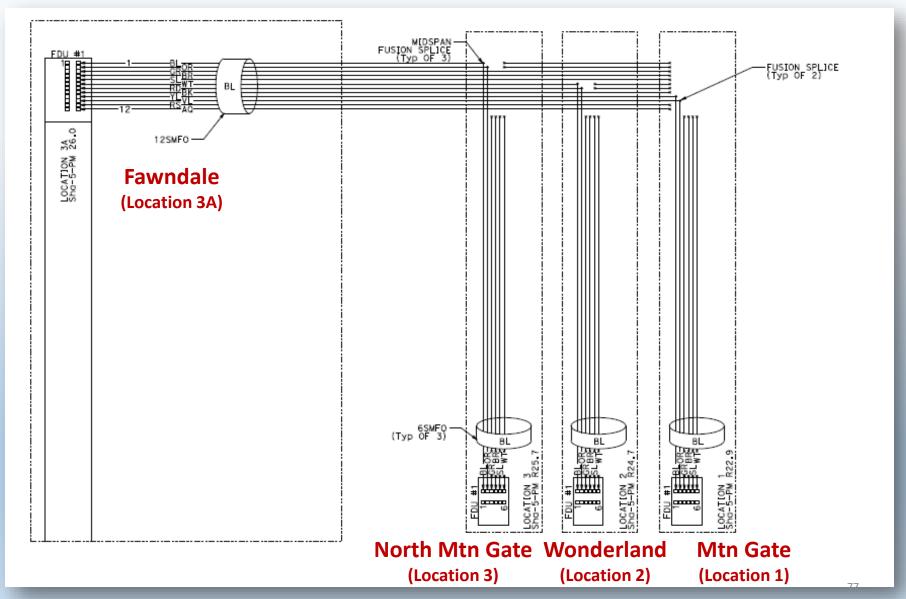


Quick Network Architecture Overview





Network/Fiber Architecture



CMS Signs



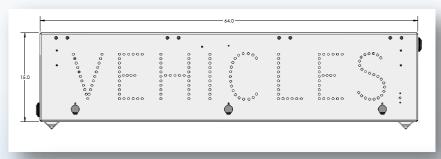
- Department furnished electronics due to specialty nature of project
- Changeable Message Signs
 - Model 500
 - SignView (Caltrans Proprietary)
 - Being phased out at the start of project

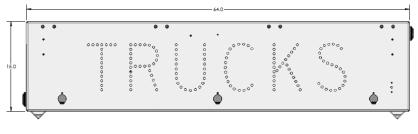
CMS Signs



- Department furnished electronics due to specialty nature of project
- Changeable Message Signs
 - Model 500
 - SignView (Caltrans Proprietary)
 - Being phased out at the start of project
 - Model 700
 - Uses SignView (Caltrans Proprietary)
 - NTCIP Compatible
 - Chosen for future flexibility and integration with systems

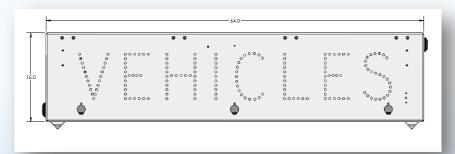
BOS/LCS Signs

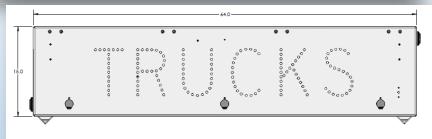




- Department furnished electronics due to specialty nature of project
- Blank Out Signs (BOS)
 - TCP/IP
 - NTCIP Compliant
 - Static text (Vehicles/Trucks)

BOS/LCS Signs

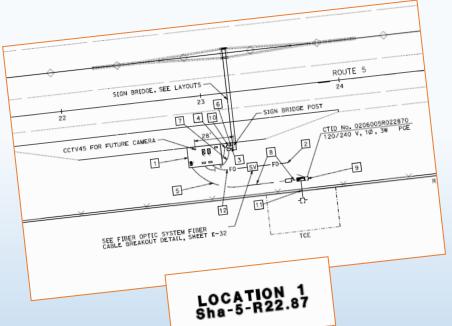


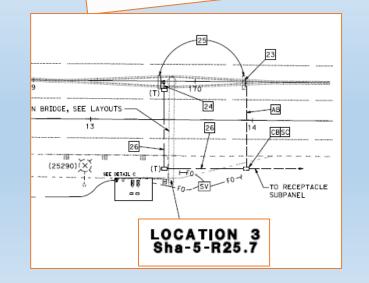


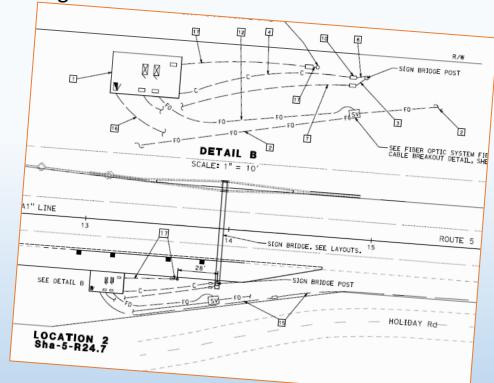


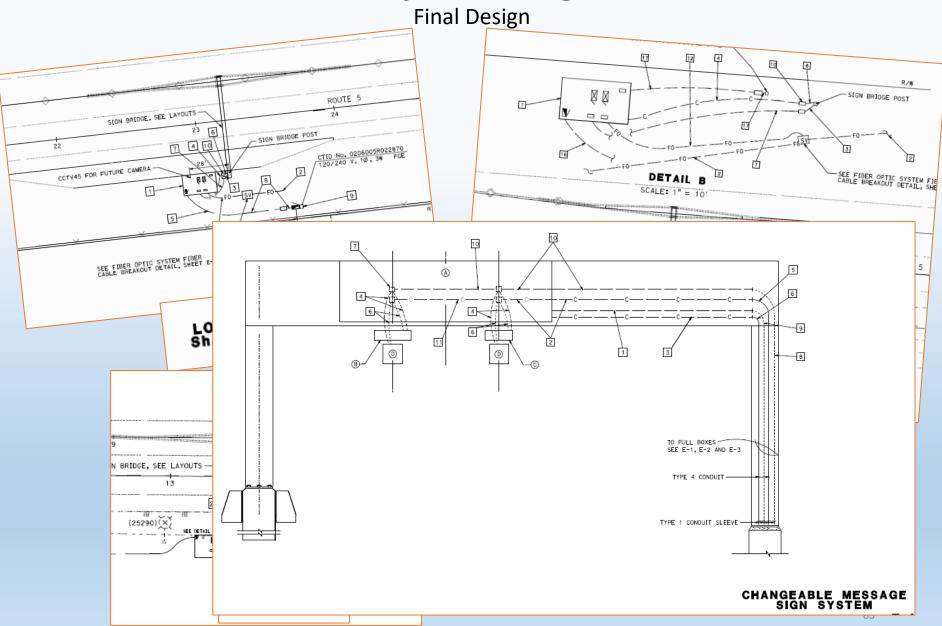
- Department furnished electronics due to specialty nature of project
- Blank Out Signs (BOS)
 - TCP/IP
 - NTCIP Compliant
 - Static text (Vehicles/Trucks)
- Lane Control Signs (LCS)
 - TCP/IP
 - NTCIP Compliant
 - Multiple indicators

Final Design

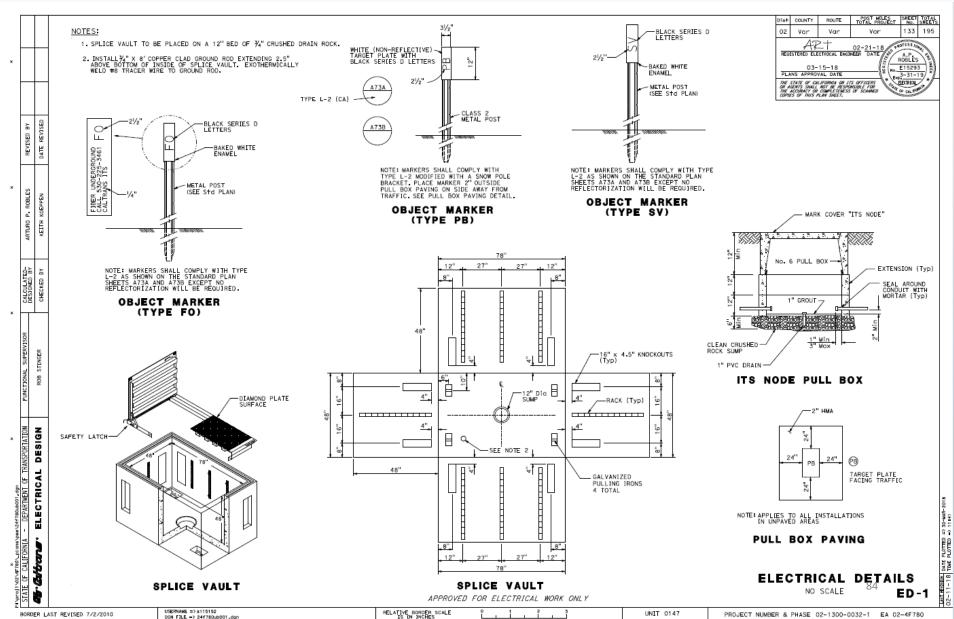




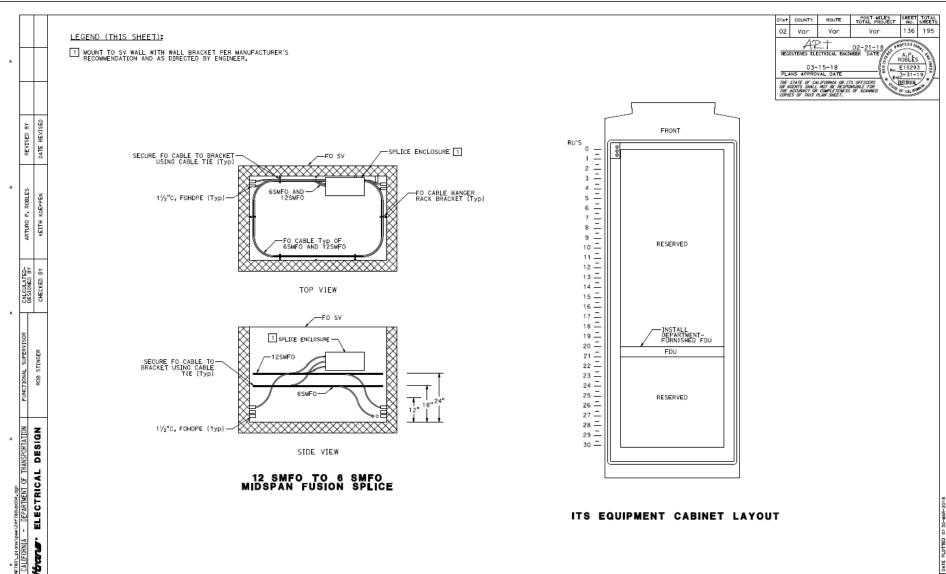




Final Design



Final Design



RELATIVE BORDER SCALE

BORDER LAST REVISED 7/2/2010

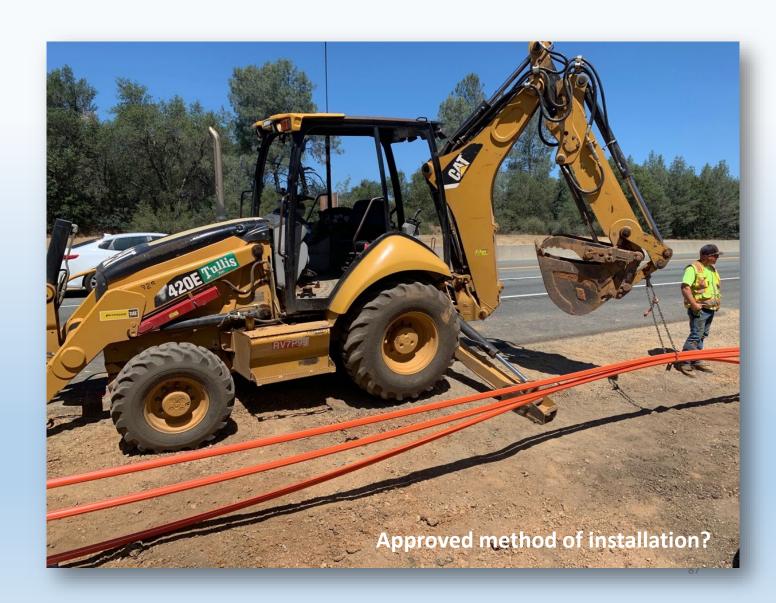
ELECTRICAL DETAILS NO SCALE ED-4

PROJECT NUMBER & PHASE 02-1300-0032-1

UNIT 0147

Major Miles Stone Overview

- Construction Started June 2019
- Trenching/Fiber Optic ducting installed July-September 2019
- Sign Structures installed October 2019
- BOS/LCS installed April 2020
- CMS Signed installed April 2020
- Fiber Optic installed in April 2020
- Signs Commissioned May 2020
- Construction ended August 2020

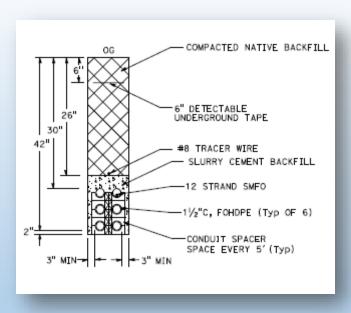














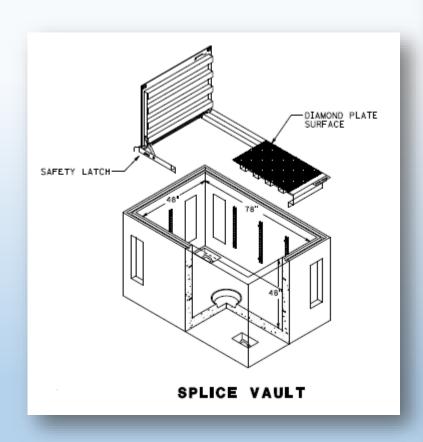
Creative Installation Aides

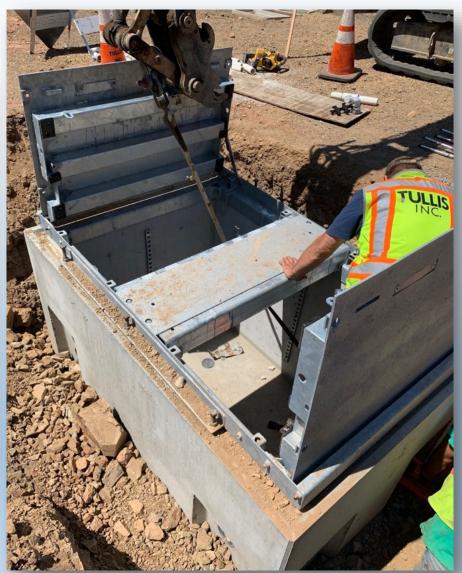










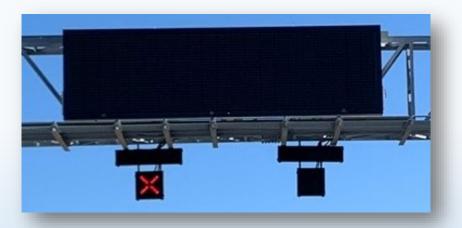


- Highway Electrical contractor lacked experience with electronics
 - Trained contractor how to terminate CAT5/RJ-45



- Highway Electrical contractor lacked experience with electronics
 - Trained contractor how to terminate CAT5/RJ-45
- BOS/LCS signs required manufacturer to "remote" in to test/validate operations
 - Manufacturer was located out of country
 - Improperly configured on arrival





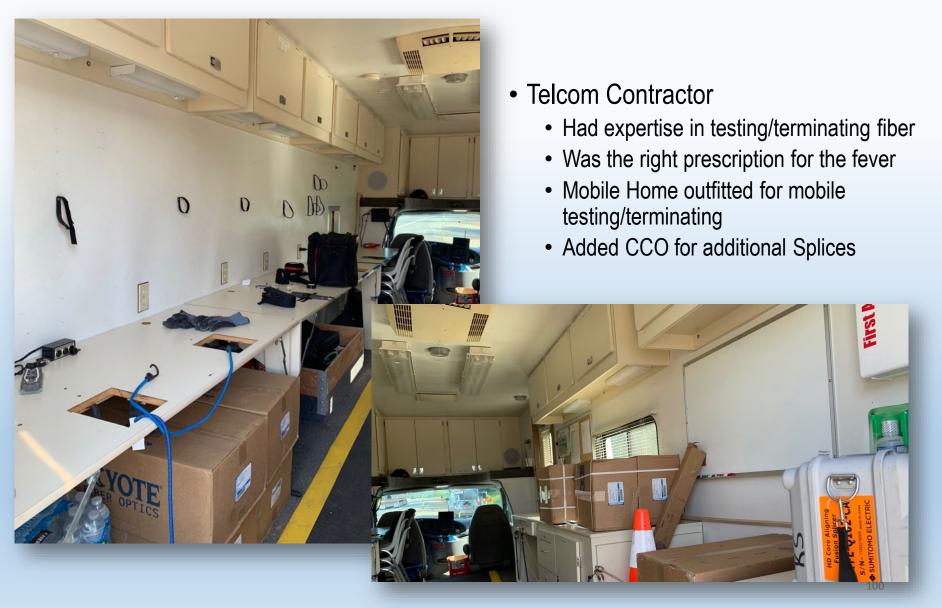




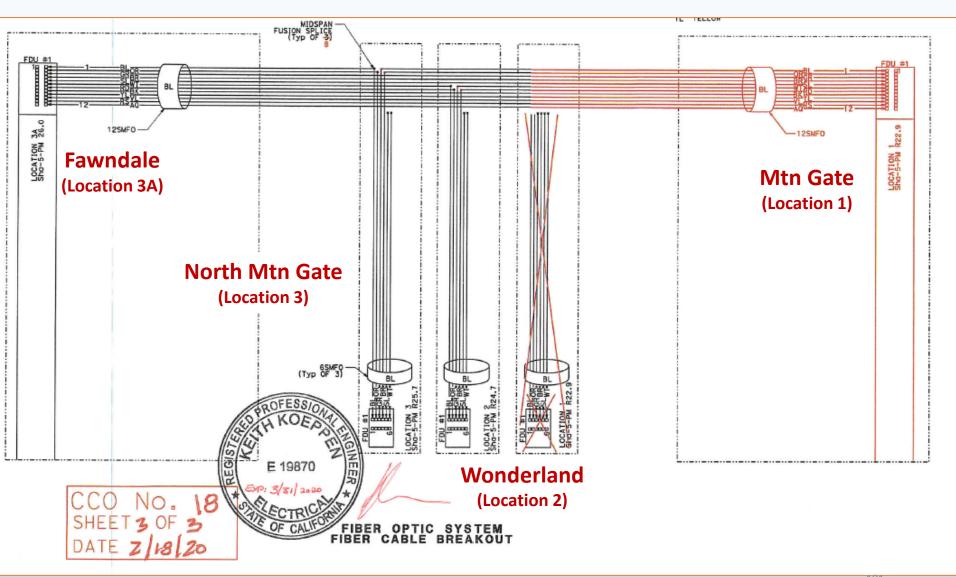
- Highway Electrical contractor lacked experience with electronics
 - Trained contractor how to terminate CAT5/RJ-45
- BOS/LCS signs required manufacturer to "remote" in to test/validate operations
 - Manufacturer was located out of country
 - Improperly configured on arrival
- CMS signs were commissioned by HQ Translab (State Forces)



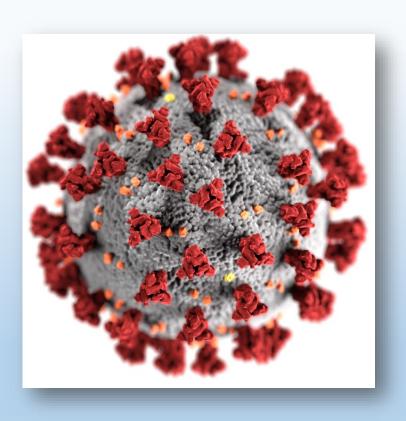
Fiber Install/Testing



Fiber Install/Testing



COVID-19



- COVID-19
 - Teleworking
 - Added layer of communication of delays

COVID-19



• COVID-19

- Teleworking
 - Added layer of communication of delays
- Manufacturing shutdowns
- Construction Project delayed

COVID-19

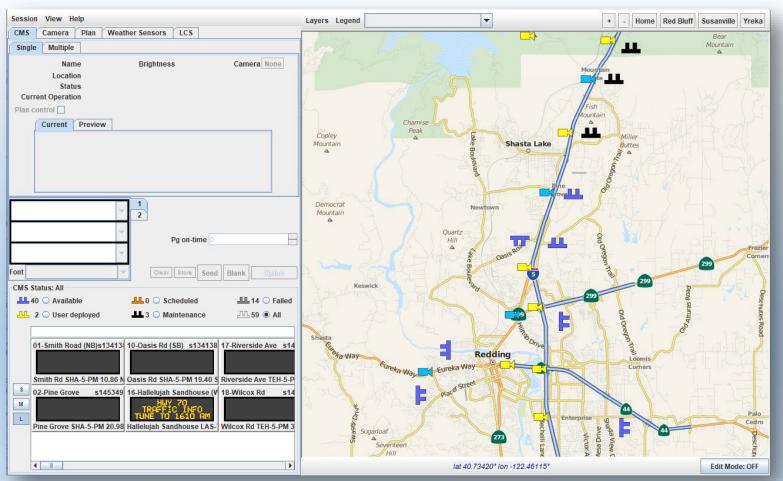


• COVID-19

- Teleworking
 - Added layer of communication of delays
- Manufacturing shutdowns
- Construction Project delayed
- Downturn in traffic
 - Could stand on Interstate 5

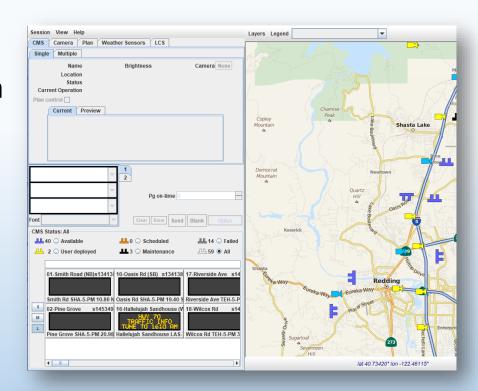
Central Systems

Intelligent Roadway Information System (IRIS)



Central Systems

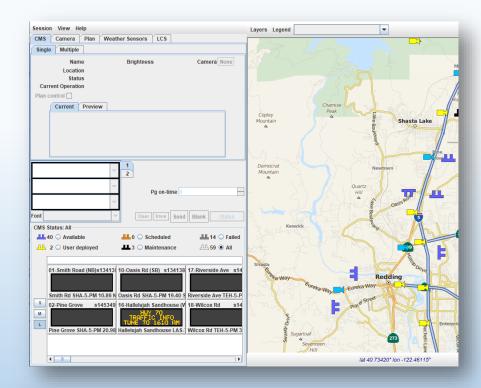
- Intelligent Roadway Information System (IRIS)
 - Open-source Advanced Traffic Management System (ATMS)
 - Developed by Minnesota DOT IRIS
 - 2007-Present
 - Modified and deployed by Advanced Highway Maintenance and Construction Technology (AHMCT) for Caltrans
 - 2007-2011 D10 Pilot Project
 - 2011-2014 D1,D2, D5 Deployment
 - Maintained and enhanced by Southwest Research Institute (SwRI)
 - 2014-2021
 - Maintained by TansTec
 - 2021-Present





Central Systems

- IRIS Software Contract
 - HQ Manages contract
 - Required Change Control Board (CCB) approval
 - Funding Availability



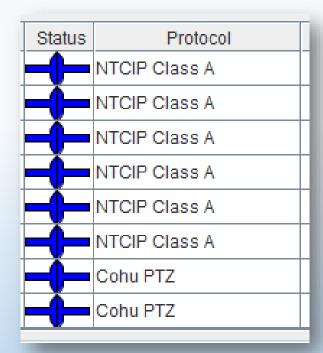


Central Systems

- IRIS Requirements
 - Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - Integrate notion of "sign bridges"
 - Integrate feature to control all elements as single system
 - Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations

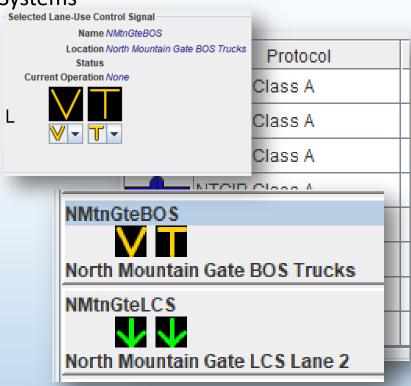
Central Systems

- IRIS Requirements
- ✓ Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - Integrate notion of "sign bridges"
 - Integrate feature to control all elements as single system
 - Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations
- Implemented in IRIS
 - NTCIP 1203 for DMS



Central Systems

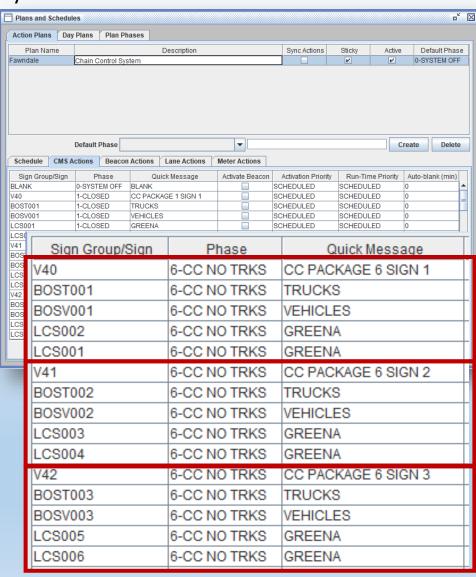
- IRIS Requirements
 - > Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - Integrate notion of "sign bridges"
 - Integrate feature to control all elements as single system
 - Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations
- Implemented in IRIS
 - NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - "Sign bridges" are configured as "arrays"



CS Arrays	n ^r	X
LCS Array	Location	
MtnGateBOS	Mountain Gate BOS Trucks	
MtnGateLCS	Mountain Gate LCS Lane 2	
NMtnGteBOS	North Mountain Gate BOS Trucks	
NMtnGteLCS	North Mountain Gate LCS Lane 2	
WndrLndBOS	Wonderland BOS Trucks	
WndrLndLCS	Wonderland LCS Lane 2	

Central Systems

- IRIS Requirements
 - Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - Integrate notion of "sign bridges"
 - Integrate feature to control all elements as single system
 - Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations
- Implemented in IRIS
 - NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - "Sign bridges" are configured as "arrays"
 - Elements are configured as system via "Plans" with phases



• IRIS Requirements

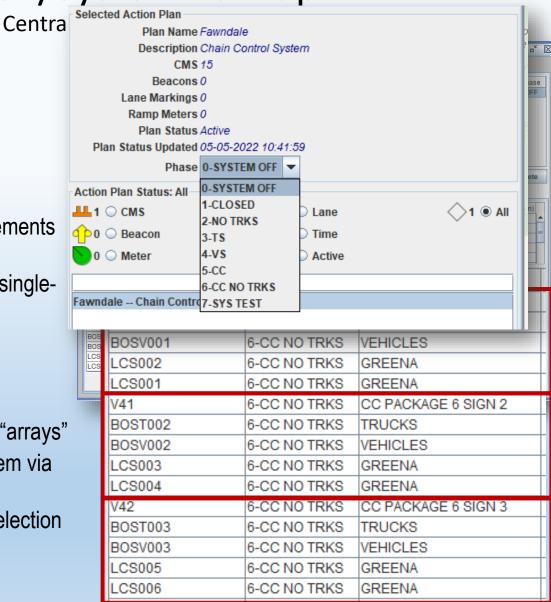
Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS

Integrate notion of "sign bridges"

Integrate feature to control all elements
 as single system

 Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations

- Implemented in IRIS
 - NTCIP 1203 for DMS
 - "Sign bridges" are configured as "arrays"
 - Elements are configured as system via "Plans" with phases
 - Controlled by single dropdown selection



• IRIS Requirements

✓y Integrate NTCIP 1203 for DMS

Integrate notion of "sign bridges"

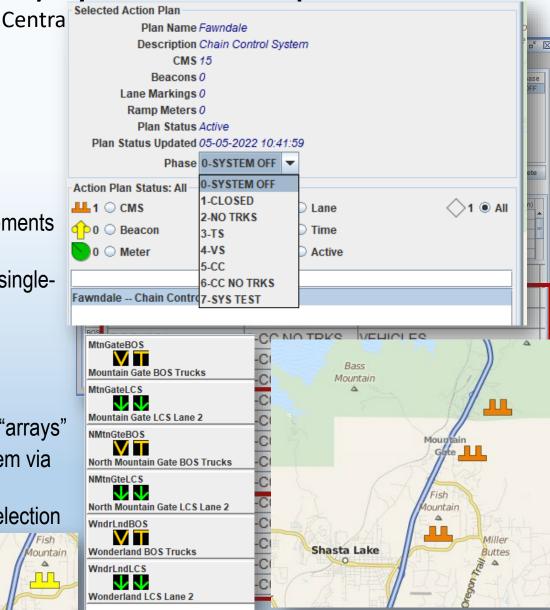
Integrate feature to control all elements
 as single system

 Allow controlling of system with "singleclick" operations

Implemented in IRIS

- NTCIP 1203 for DMS
- "Sign bridges" are configured as "arrays"
- Elements are configured as system via "Plans" with phases
- Controlled by single dropdown selection
- Operator can confirm signs are activated





Field Systems

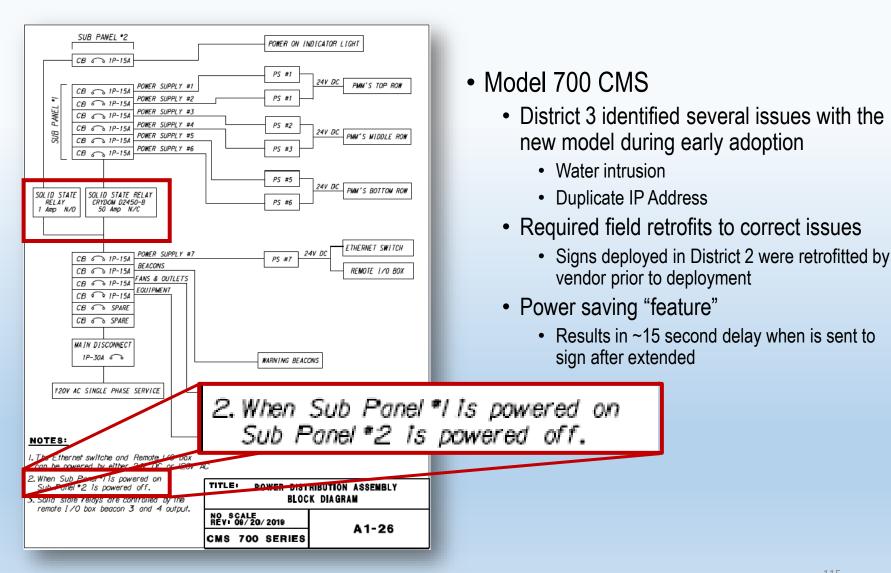




Model 700 CMS

- District 3 identified several issues with the new model during early adoption
 - Water intrusion
 - Duplicate IP Address
- Required field retrofits to correct issues
 - Signs deployed in District 2 were retrofitted by vendor prior to deployment

Field Systems



Field Systems

- Lane Control / Blank Out Signs
 - Stopped responding when testing with IRIS
 - Needed lane closure to troubleshoot and fix



Field Systems

- Lane Control / Blank Out Signs
 - Stopped responding when testing with IRIS
 - Needed lane closure to troubleshoot and fix
 - Poorly terminated RJ-45 (contractor)
 - Factory terminated power connector



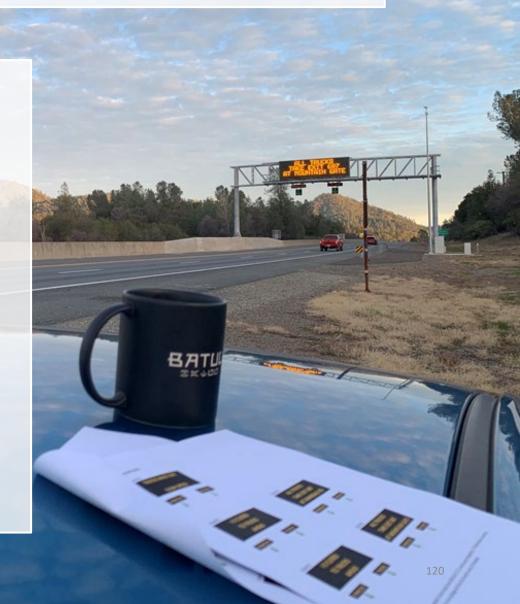
- Testing of Individual signs with IRIS
 - CMS
 - LCS
 - BOS



- Testing of Individual signs with IRIS
 - CMS
 - LCS
 - BOS
- System testing as a whole



- Testing of Individual signs with IRIS
 - CMS
 - LCS
 - BOS
- System testing as a whole
- Sign Packages Testing
 - Live system test



- Testing of Individual signs with IRIS
 - CMS
 - LCS
 - BOS
- System testing as a whole
- Sign Packages Testing
 - Live system test



Who is?



• Who is "in charge" of when the system activates?

Maintenance

Who is?



Who is "in charge" of when the system activates?

Maintenance

Who Operates the system?

TMC

Who is?



Who is "in charge" of when the system activates?

Maintenance

Who Operates the system?

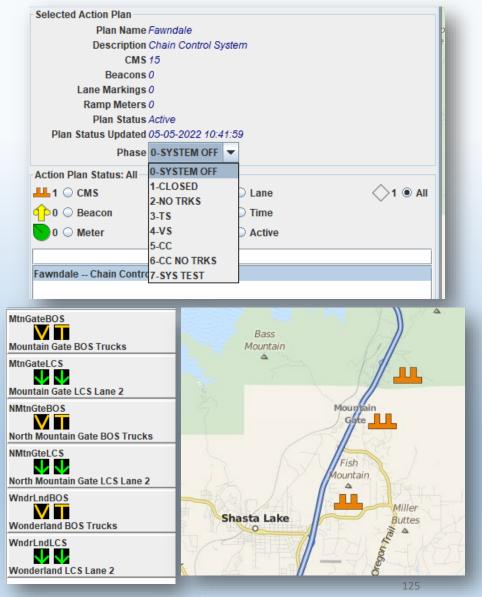
TMC

• Who maintains the system?

ITS / ITS Electrical Maint

Training

- TMC
 - Shown how to use IRIS to control
- Maintenance
 - Delayed Start Behavior
 - Showed how signs eliminate/operate





- The District had two winter events requiring restrictions (Jan & Mar)
- System was operational during second event
- NTCIP Problems
 - Signs were activated with default 10minute time-out or blank out interval
 - Resulted in signs blanking every 10 minutes
 - IRIS would then reactivate the signs when polled
 - On/off behavior

2020/2021 Kicking the Tires



Restrictions without system operational



- Restrictions without system operational
- Heavy enforcement

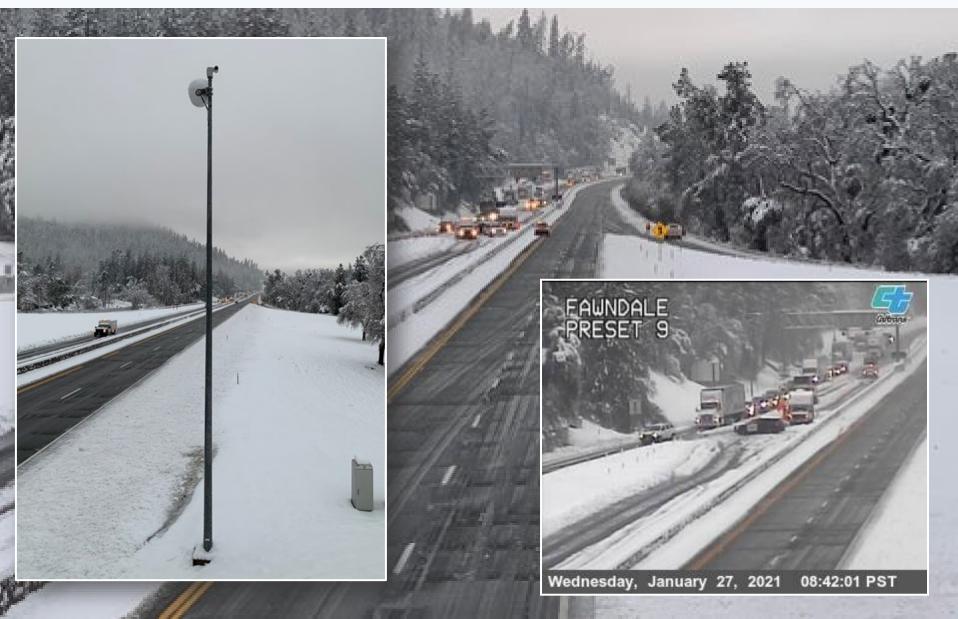


- Restrictions without system operational
- Heavy enforcement
- Tractor Trailers Stuck











Season One Operations 2020/2021 Kicking the Tires







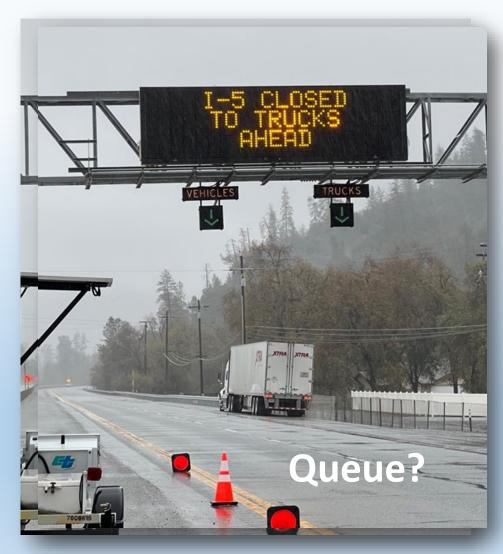
2021/2022

 District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)



2021/2022

- District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)
 - Only one event closed I5
- Where is the queue



2021/2022

- District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)
 - Only one event closed I5
- Where is the queue
 - Shoulders



2021/2022

 District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)

• Only one event closed I5

- Where is the queue
 - Shoulders
 - Onramps



2021/2022

 District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)

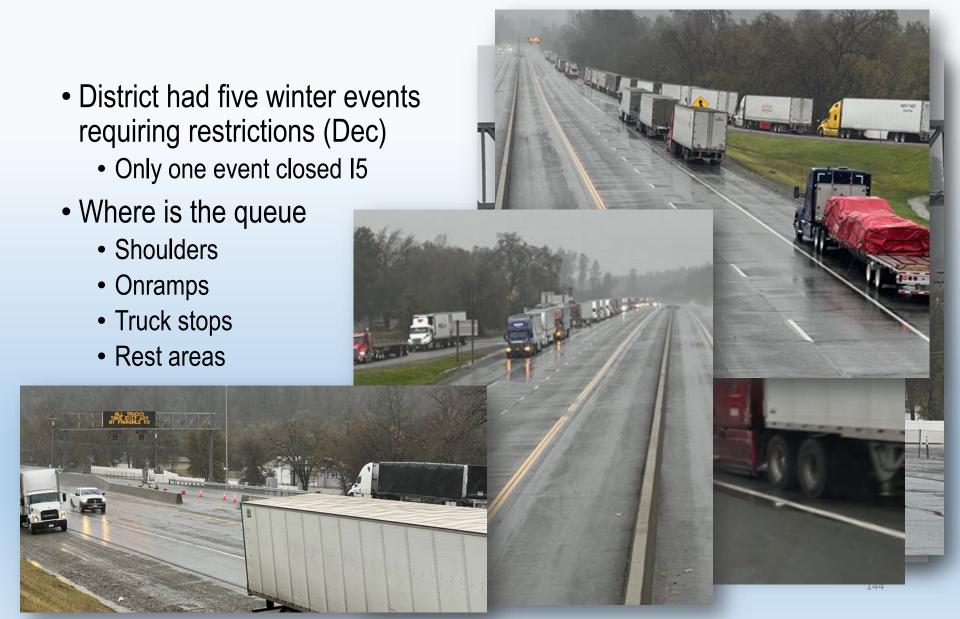
• Only one event closed I5

Where is the queue

- Shoulders
- Onramps
- Truck stops



2021/2022



2021/2022

- District had five winter events requiring restrictions (Dec)
 - Only one event closed I5
- Where is the queue
 - Shoulders
 - Onramps
 - Truck stops
 - Rest areas
 - Everywhere but mainline



Season Two Operations

2021/2022 Conclusion

- System <u>appears</u> to have improved
 - Truck screening operations
 - Traffic queuing / allowing passenger vehicles through the check point
 - Worker Safety
 - Enroute Traveler information
- Feedback from maintenance crews
 - Has a dramatic affect on driver behavior
 - Maintenance indicated a need for more phases



Moving Forward

- Identified a need for additional sign packages (phases)
 - TMC Operators are creative!
- Future ATMS systems will need to have similar functionality
- Add additional point-to-point wireless to Southern ITS Node
 - Adds network resiliency (redundant paths)

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION

Communication

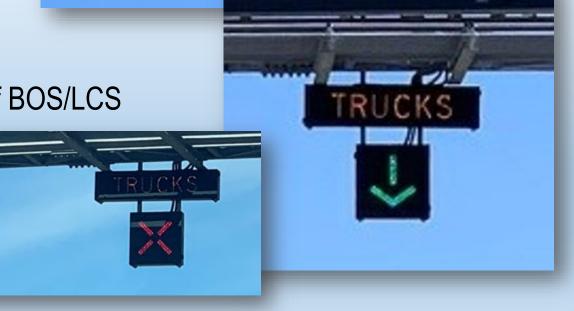
- The *prescription* for success!
- Early and often between
 - Concept
 - Design
 - Construction
 - Integration
 - Maintenance
 - TMC



Communication

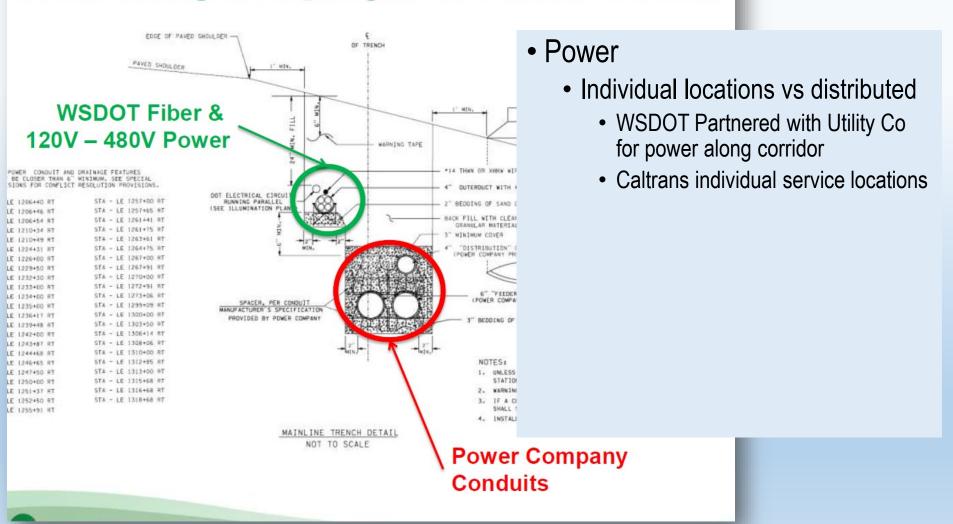
- The prescription for success
- Early and often between
 - Concept
 - Design
 - Construction
 - Integration
 - Maintenance
 - TMC

Sizing and Brightness of BOS/LCS

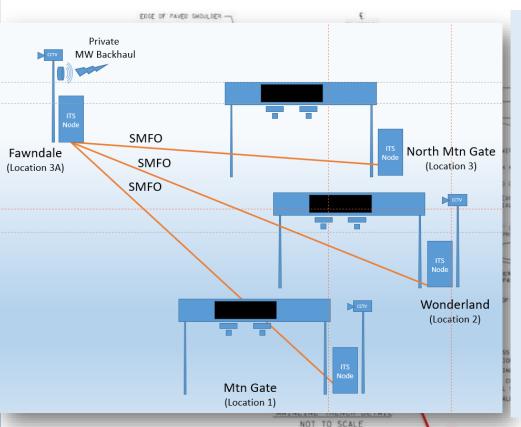


152

Joint Utility Company / DOT Fiber Trench



Joint Utility Company / DOT Fiber Trench



- Power
 - Individual locations vs distributed
 - WSDOT Partnered with Utility Co for power along corridor
 - Caltrans individual service locations
 - Communication backhaul is through single ITS Node
 - Whole system is down even if Fawndale loses power
 - Added CCO to help (future)

Power Company Conduits

- Build in Flexibility During
 - Concept
 - Design
 - Construction
 - Integration
 - Operations

Build in Flexibility During

Concept Changed by design committee

Design
 Changed by operational changes

Construction Changed by integration changes/needs

Integration Changed by central system requirements

Operations
 Changed by Maintenance / TMC staffing

*** PEOPLE AND OPERATIONAL PRACTICES CHANGE OVER TIME***

PLAN FOR IT AND BUILD FLEXIBILITY
INTO EVERY STAGE

