# WSDOT LED Adaptive Roadway Lighting & Illumination Reform

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Each year WSDOT spends millions of dollars on illumination system repairs, preventative maintenance and utility costs. In addition, the ongoing preservation funding needed to perform life cycle replacement of these systems far surpasses current and projected funding. With thousands of miles of state owned roadways and intersections with and without illumination a more strategic approach to when, where and why to provide roadway illumination is needed.



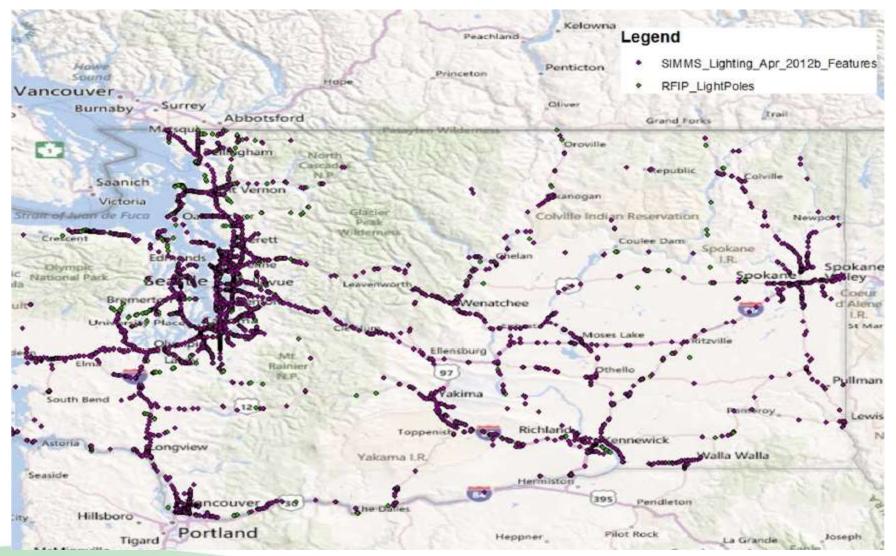
### **WSDOT Illumination Inventory**

- Total Illumination Systems = 3,100 (400 installed since 2005)
- Total Individual Light Fixtures = 60,000
  - Cobra Heads = 47.5%
  - Sign Lights = 2.5%
  - Pole Top = 3%
  - Underdeck = 14%
  - Wall Mount = 2%
  - Shoe Box = 4%
  - High Mast = 3%
  - Tunnel = 24%

100%

These are estimates based on extrapolations from existing inventory data

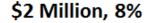
### **WSDOT Illumination System Inventory**

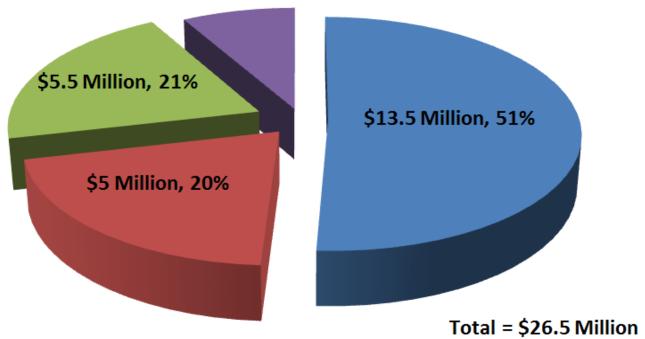






### **WSDOT - Preventative Maintenance Expenditures** Traffic Signals, Illumination and ITS (12 year total)

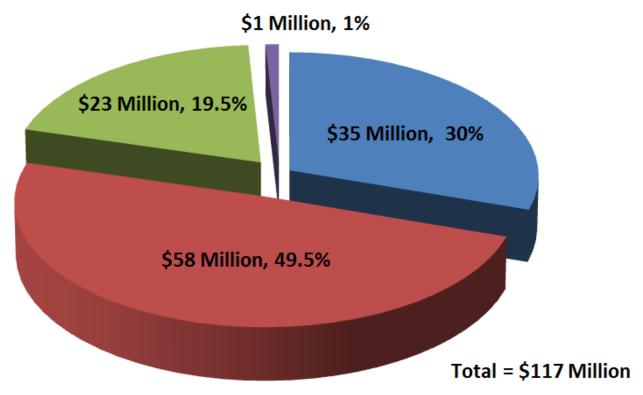




- Signal, Ramp Meter, Flashing Beacon Systems
- Illumination System
- ITS System (CCTV, VMS, HAR, RWIS, Radio, Phone, HUBS, Exp Ln Gates, WIM)
- Electrical Services



## WSDOT – Repair, Non-Preventative Maintenance & Electricity Traffic Signals, Illumination and ITS (12 year total)



- Signal, Ramp Meter, Flashing Beacon Systems
- Illumination System
- ITS System (CCTV, VMS, HAR, RWIS, Radio, Phone, HUBS, Exp Ln Gates, WIM)
- Electrical Services



# WSDOT Illumination System - Life Cycle Cost Analysis

### **Assumptions**

- 3,100 Existing Illumination Systems
- 50yr Life Cycle
- Average System Cost = \$125k
- All Existing Systems need to be replaced in kind

### **Rough Approximations**

- Replacement Cost for 3,100 Systems
  - = \$400 Million or \$8 Million / Year

**Current Backlog??** 



### WSDOT Annualized Illumination System - Life Cycle Cost

- Repair & Non-Preventative Maintenance = \$1.0 Million
- Preventative Maintenance
  - Electricity = \$4.0 Million
- Annual Replacement Cost to maintain
   existing inventory on a 50yr Life Cycle = \$8.0 Million
   2015 2021
   \$13.5 Million / Year

<u>2015 - 2021</u>

Current Project Funding to Replace Existing Illumination Systems \$16 Million or \$2.7 Million / year (Need is \$8.0 Million / Year) 30% is Electricity

= \$0.5 Million



It is clear revenues will not meet our needs so we have to rethink how we do the things.

One of the things we wanted to explore was ways that we could reduce our electricity consumption and maintenance costs for our illumination systems.



WSDOT started evaluating Light Emitting Diode (LED) lighting products several years ago. In the beginning there was not an established way to compare LED luminaire fixtures to our standard High Pressure Sodium (HPS) luminaires because they were so new to the industry. WSDOT received LED submittals from a multitude of manufacturers, both new to the lighting industry and also very established lighting manufacturers. With the number of requests and the varying types of fixtures it became clear that WSDOT needed a set evaluation process.



WSDOT created an evaluation process that was a multi-step approach to use and approval. First the manufacturers had to submit the product technical information to the HQ Traffic office for review. If they passed this initial stage the manufacturer was required to provide the photometric data file for computer evaluation. After passing these two stages the manufacturer was invited to a hands on demonstration with their fixture, maintenance personnel, materials lab personnel, lighting designers, and HQ Traffic personnel. If the manufacturer passed the three previous stages then their product was approved for field testing and evaluation.



Out of the 75+ fixtures we evaluated, only 4 manufacturers fixtures met the lighting requirements and were ready for field testing and evaluation.

The next step was selecting an appropriate interchange where we could do field testing.

## LED Adaptive Lighting - Project Overview US 101 and Black Lake Boulevard Interchange - Olympia



### Interchange Characteristics

- The project is 1.2 miles on US101, a limited access control facility, with 60 MPH speed limit located near the state capitol.
- This is a Single Point Urban Interchange, with two mainline lanes in each direction.
- The Westbound Off-ramp and Eastbound On-ramp are double lane ramps.
- The Westbound On-ramp and Eastbound Off-ramp are single lane ramps.
- All illumination is shoulder mounted 40' metal poles with 16' mast arms, with the poles located 16' from the fog stripe.
- All existing luminaires are 310W High Pressure Sodium Luminaires.
- Only the luminaire fixtures are to be changed. No new poles are to be added.
- System required to meet or exceed existing light levels.



The current lighting requirements for this section of roadway would be:

Average-0.6fc

Minimum-0.2fc

Uniformity-4:1 Max

The existing 310watt HPS luminaires generated light levels ranging from:

EB Mainline WB Off Ramp

Average-0.82fc Average-1.24fc

Minimum-0.1fc Minimum-0.4fc

Uniformity-8.20:1 Uniformity-3.10:1



We broke the interchange up into four quadrants and placed each manufacturer in a separate quadrant.

Two manufacturers had 21 fixtures and the other two had 23 fixtures.

The request was made to make the evaluation project an adaptive system that could have dimming capabilities and also be programmable and controllable by time of night.

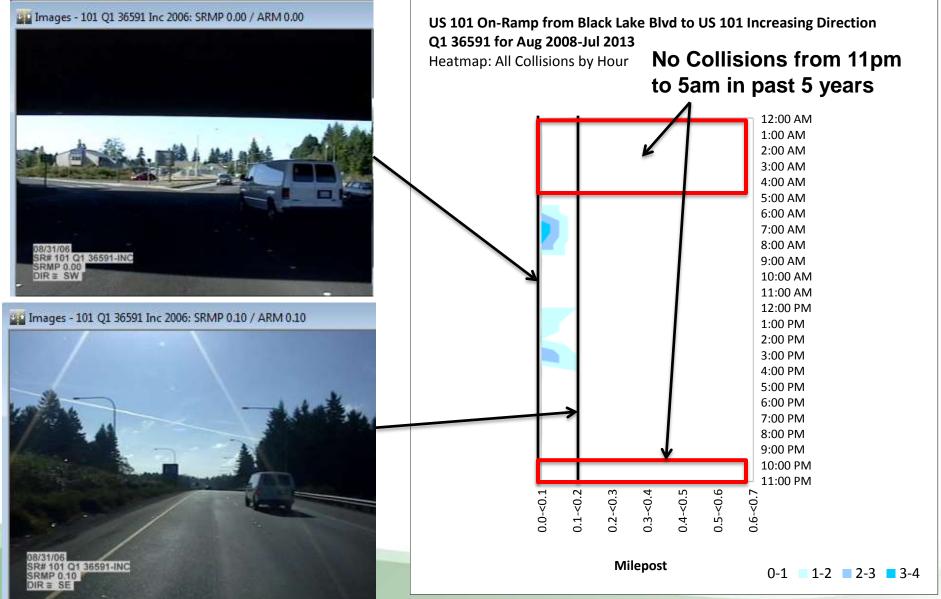


We evaluated the accident history for the entire interchange.

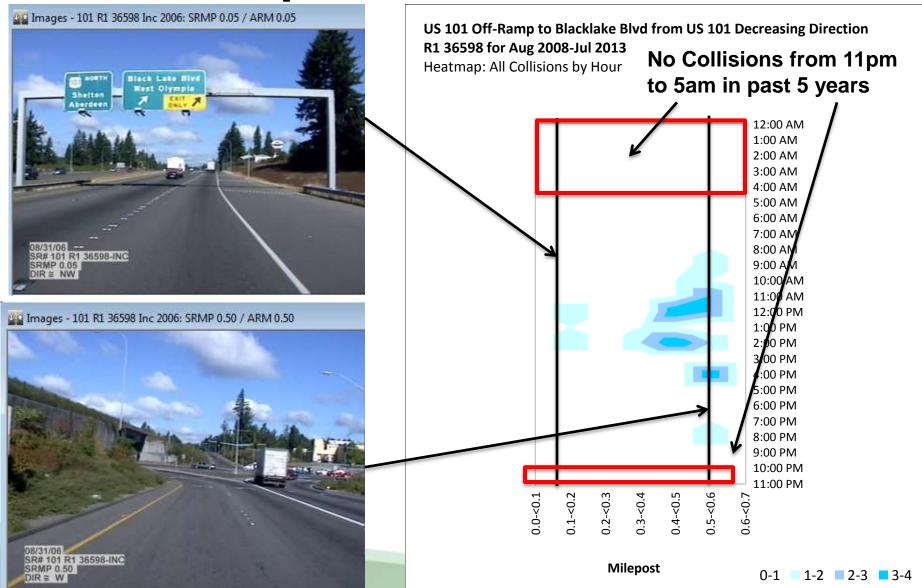
We paid particular attention to the two ramps with the highest volumes.

We checked the traffic volumes to identify times of night when the lights were not needed.

## Collision Analysis – Black Lake Blvd EB on Ramp to US 101



# Collision Analysis – US 101 WB Off Ramp to Black Lake Blvd



Given the time constraints WSDOT opted to go with a Lighting Control manufacturer with an established history.

After looking at what was available on the market and what other agencies selected we chose Acuity Brands ROAM lighting control system.



#### Some of the reasons WSDOT selected ROAM was:

- Time constraints looking at all manufacturers.
- •ROAM is a manufacturing partner to one of the fixtures selected.
- •ROAM was a "proven" commodity to WSDOT considering California and Union Station installations.
- The programming and controlling options in ROAM.
- •Options available in ROAM gave WSDOT a way to keep track of the luminaire installation information and operating characteristics of each luminaire, unlike when we dig our signal system changeover to LED.
- •Tracks the "operational health" of the system through System Diagnostics; Voltage and Power usage history per light
- Provides secure remote access for WSDOT Traffic
   Management Center for emergency



We went back to the four selected manufacturers and gave them our new requirements:

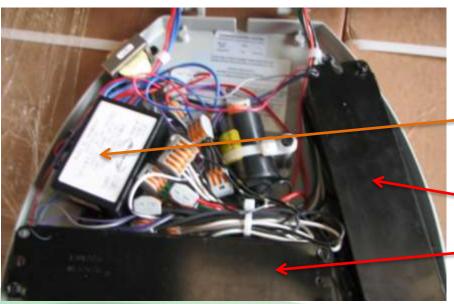
- 480V system.
- The luminaire had to be compatible with the ROAM system.
- Everything would be controlled off of one master photocell.
- All control and transformer equipment needed was required to be installed inside the luminaire fixture.
- Fixture and components required to have a warranty period of 10 years since our payback period was calculated at 12 years.

- Two of the manufacturers dropped out because they were unable to supply a 480V fixture and have the control and transformer equipment inside the luminaire fixture.
- After delaying the ordering process the third manufacturer backed out at the last minute for various reasons.
- This left WSDOT with one fixture: The American Electric Autobahn 2 fixture.

#### **American Electric - Autobahn ATB2 LED Fixture**







1 Dimming
Control
Module (DCM)

**2 LED Drivers** 

➤ Installed 88 Lights on Existing Poles



#### **LED Fixture and Node Installation**



#### Remote Operating Asset Management (ROAM)

**Gateway Installation** 







### Before / After Calculated Light Levels (Fc)

Objective: Average > 0.6 Fc; Minimum > 0.2Fc; Uniformity < 4:1

| Westbound Off Ramp         |         |          |          | Eastbound Off Ramp         |               |                 |          |
|----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|
|                            |         | 310W HPS | 185W LED |                            |               | 310W HPS        | 185W LED |
| Priority Ramp              | Average | 1.24     | 0.84     |                            | Average       | 1.23            | 0.86     |
|                            | Maximum | 2.4      | 1.6      |                            | Maximum       | 2.5             | 1.7      |
|                            | Minimum | 0.4      | 0.3      |                            | Minimum       | 0.3             | 0.2      |
| Avg/Min (Uniformity Ratio) |         | 3.10:1   | 2.80 : 1 | Avg/Min (Unif              | ormity Ratio) | 4.10:1          | 4.30:1   |
| Westbound Mainline         |         |          |          | Eastbound Mainline         |               |                 |          |
|                            |         | 310W HPS | 185W LED |                            |               | <b>310W HPS</b> | 185W LED |
| Average                    |         | 0.85     | 0.6      | Average                    |               | 0.82            | 0.6      |
| Maximum                    |         | 2.7      | 2        | Maximum                    |               | 2.7             | 1.8      |
| Minimum                    |         | 0.1      | 0.1      | Minimum                    |               | 0.1             | 0.1      |
| Avg/Min (Uniformity Ratio) |         | 8.50:1   | 6.00:1   | Avg/Min (Uniformity Ratio) |               | 8.20:1          | 6.00:1   |
| West Bound On Ramp         |         |          |          | Eastbound On Ramp          |               |                 |          |
|                            |         | 310W HPS | 185W LED |                            |               | <b>310W HPS</b> | 185W LED |
|                            | Average | 1.1      | 0.79     | Priority                   | Average       | 1.21            | 0.82     |
| Maximum                    |         | 2.6      | 1.8      |                            | Maximum       | 2.4             | 1.6      |
|                            | Minimum | 0.2      | 0.2      | Ramp                       | Minimum       | 0.2             | 0.2      |
| Avg/Min (Uniformity Ratio) |         | 5.50 : 1 | 3.95 : 1 | Avg/Min (Uniformity Ratio) |               | 6.05:1          | 4.10:1   |



### **Project Installation and Cost Overview**

• 88 Lights, American Electric Autobahn Series ATB2

Luminaires: \$90k

Installation: \$15k

\$105k

Remote Operations Asset Management (ROAM)
 Materials, Installation, 1<sup>st</sup> Year Contract: \$25k

Ongoing Service Contract after 1st year: \$2,400

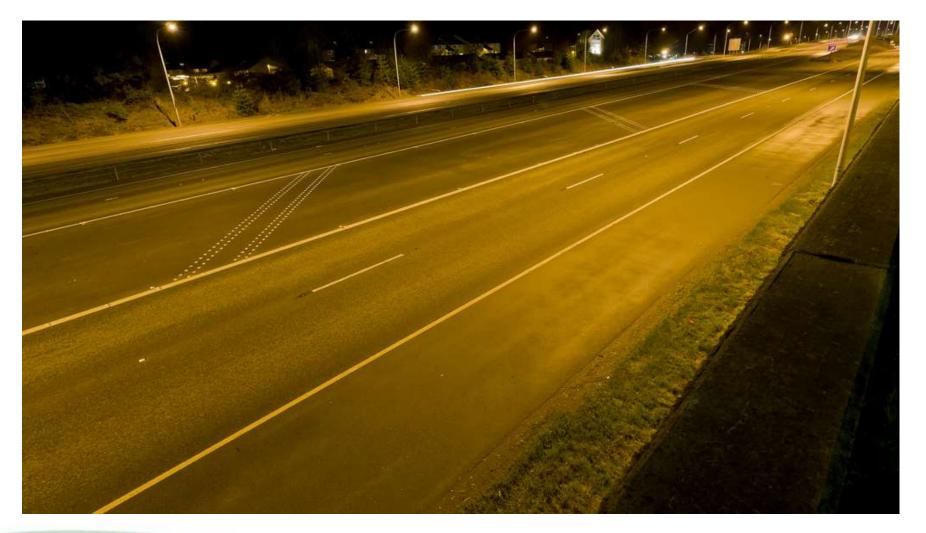
- LED install: 2 different 2 person Crews with a Bucket Truck, 4 days
- ROAM Nodes / Asset Management Data Capture:
   2 different 2 person Crews with a Bucket Truck, 4 days
- ROAM Operations and Installation Training: 1 day in shop + 1 Day Field Engineer Support



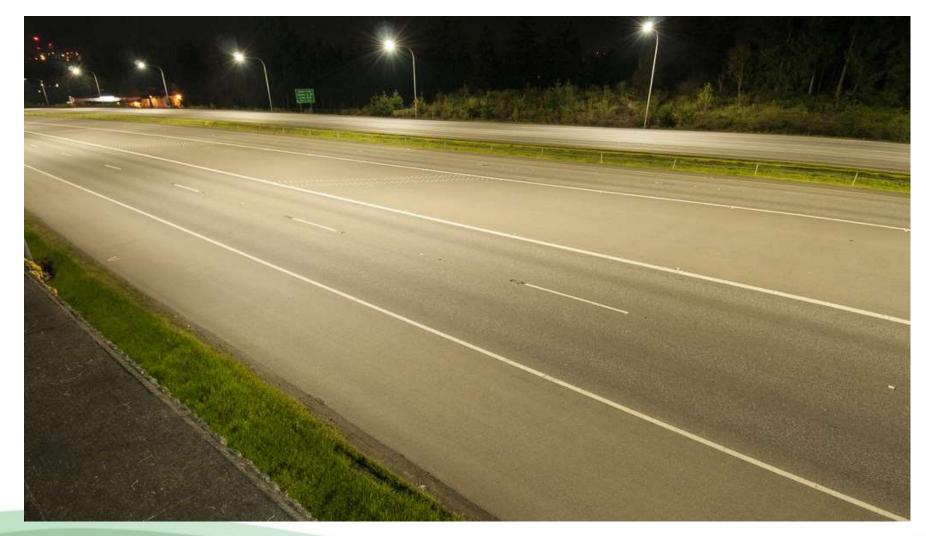
## Existing HPS - looking East



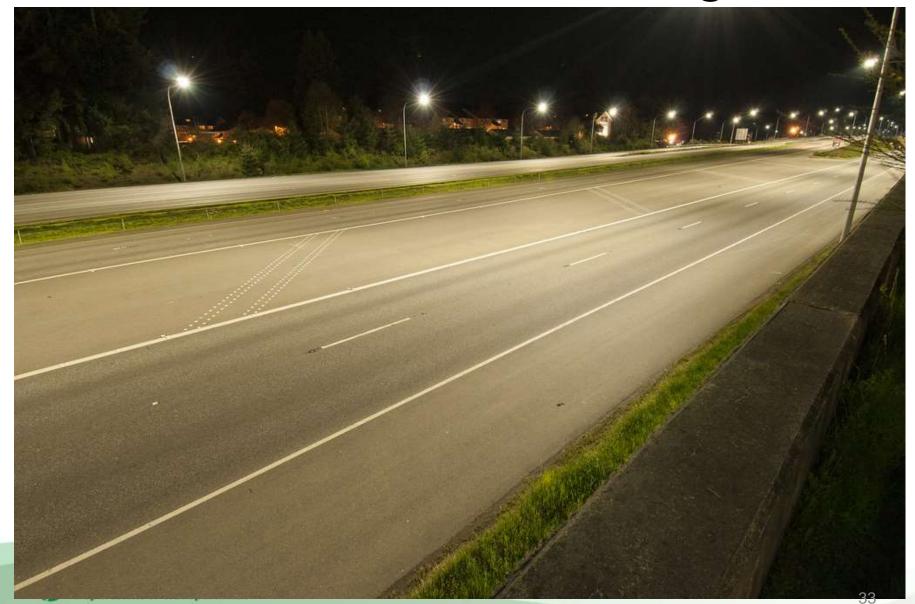
## Existing HPS - looking West



## After LED Install – Looking East



## After LED Install – Looking West

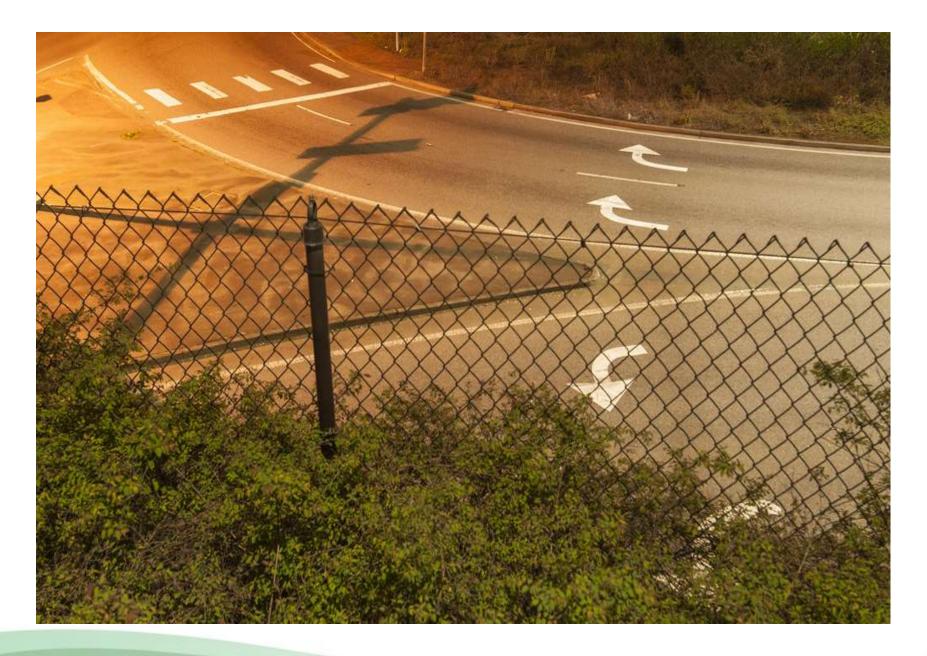




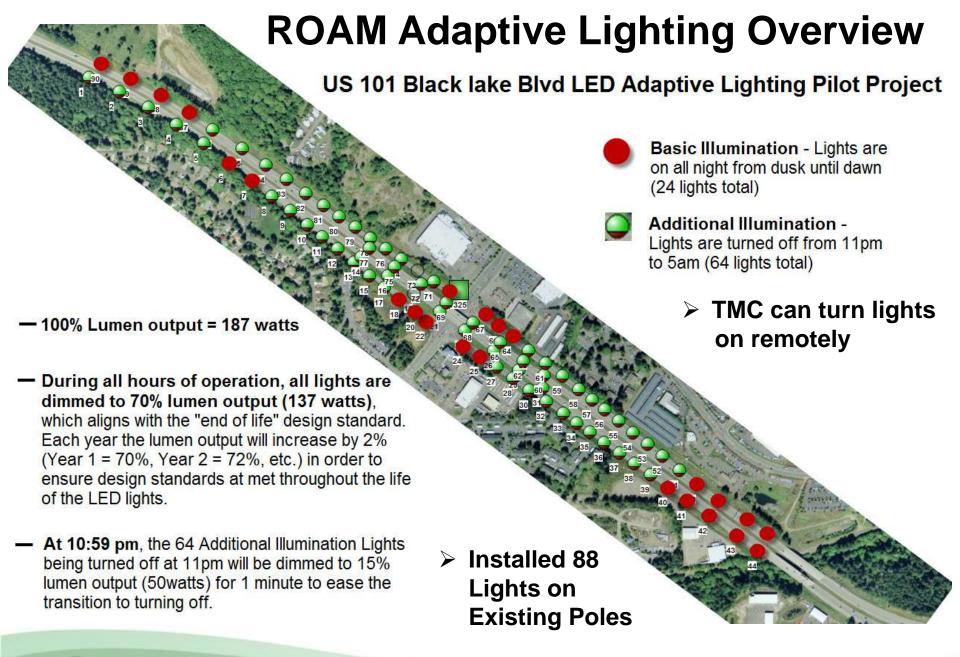












# **BL Bvld - Calculated Power Savings**

#### **HPS (Before Condition )**Power Consumption

 $88_{\text{Lights}} \times 387_{\text{Watts/light}} / 1000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 13_{\text{Hours/day}} \times 0.10_{\text{/KWH}} = \$44.27/day$ 

Total=\$44.27/day or \$16,158.55/year

#### **LED (After Condition)** Power Consumption

26Lights x138Watts/Light/1,000Watts/KWHx13hours/day x\$0.10/KWH=\$4.66/day

 $62_{\text{Lights}} \times 138_{\text{Watts/Light}} / 1,000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 7_{\text{hours/day}} \times \$0.10_{\text{/KWH}} = \$5.99/\text{day}$ 

#### **Gateway Power Consumption**

 $1_{\text{gateway}} x 10_{\text{Watts/gateway}} / 1000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} x 24_{\text{hours/day}} x \$0.10_{\text{KWH}} = \$0.02/\text{day}$ 

## **Nodes and Dimming Control Modules Power consumption**

 $26 \text{Nodes} \times 2 \text{Watts/Node}/1,000 \text{Watts/KWH} \times 13 \text{hours/day} \times \$0.10 \text{/KWH} = \$0.07 \text{/day}$ 

 $62_{\text{Nodes}} \times 2_{\text{Watts/Node}} / 1,000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 7_{\text{hours/day}} \times 0.10_{\text{KWH}} = \$0.09/\text{day}$ 

Total=\$10.83/day or \$3,952.95/year

75.5% Reduction ~ \$12,205.60/year



# **Actual Power Savings**

**After HPS to LED Conversion** 

51.5%

After Dimming and On / Off Operation by Time of Day 73.9%

# Projected 15 year Maintenance and Operations Life Cycle Cost Savings Save > \$75,000 Maintenance & Ops Save 1.7 million kwh of electricity

#### **Analysis Included the following costs**

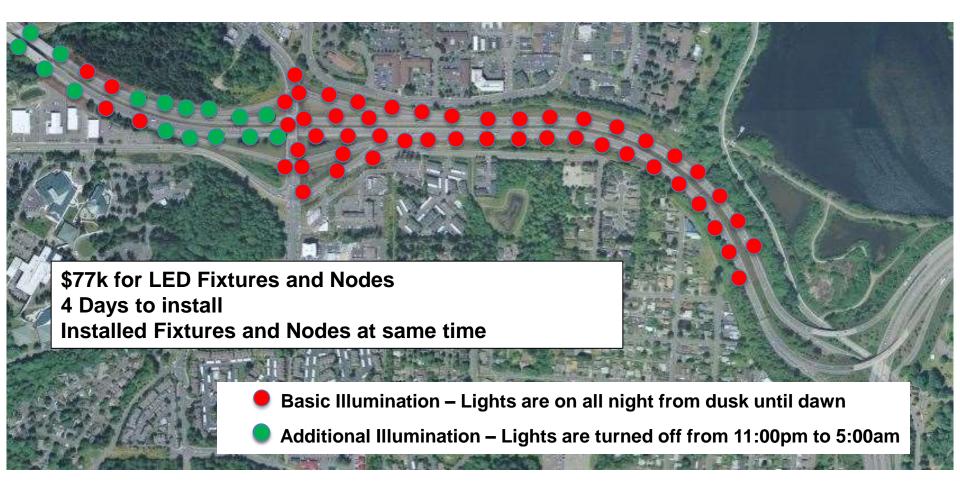
- Initial Installation (Materials and Labor)
- Preventative Maintenance
  - 4 year Re-Lamp for HPS
  - Cleaning every 7.5 years for LED
- Operating Costs
  - Utility (Power) for all system components
  - Ongoing ROAM Service Agreement



# Phase 2 - LED Adaptive Lighting US101 & Copper Point Rd Interchange Olympia

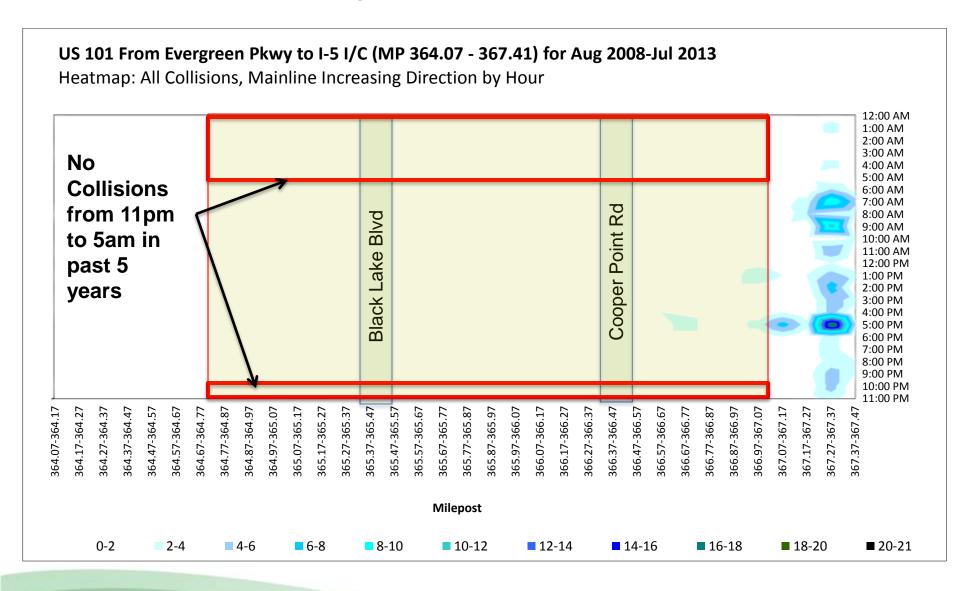


# Phase 2 - LED Adaptive Lighting US101 & Copper Point Rd Interchange Olympia



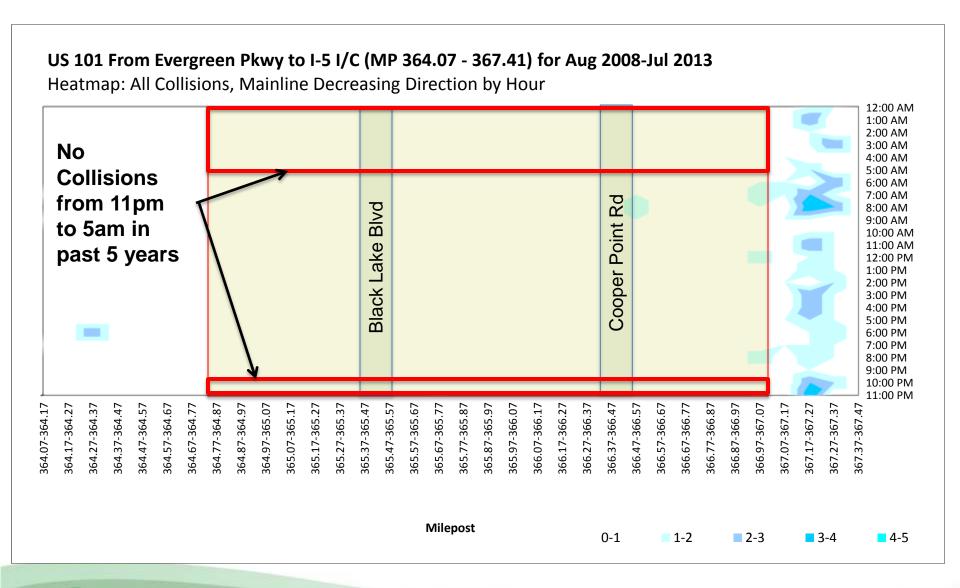


# Collision Analysis – Eastbound US 101





# Collision Analysis – Westbound US 101





# Collision Analysis – Cooper Point Rd EB On Ramp to US 101

US 101 On-Ramp from Cooper Point Rd to US 101 Increasing Direction Q1 36668 for Aug 2008-Jul 2013 Heatmap: All Collisions by Hour 12:00 AM 1:00 AM 2:00 AM 3:00 AM 4:00 AM 5:00 AM 6:00 AM 7:00 AM 8:00 AM 9:00 AM No Collisions from 11pm 10:00 AM 11:00 AM to 5am in past 5 years 12:00 PM 1:00 PM 2:00 PM 3:00 PM 4:00 PM 5:00 PM 6:00 PM 7:00 PM 8:00 PM 9:00 PM 10:00 PM 11:00 PM ).5-<0.6 0.0 < 0.10.2 < 0.3Milepost 0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4



# **Project Installation and Cost Overview**

70 Lights, American Electric Autobahn Series ATB2

Luminaires: \$72k

Installation: \$10k

\$82k

- Ongoing Service Contract after 1st year: \$2,400
- LED install: 2 different 2 person Crews with a Bucket Truck, 4 days
- ROAM Nodes / Asset Management Data Capture:
   2 person Crew with a Bucket Truck, 4 days



# **CP - Calculated Power Savings**

## **HPS (Before Condition )**Power Consumption

 $68_{\text{Lights}} \times 387_{\text{Watts/light}} / 1000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 13_{\text{Hours/day}} \times 0.10_{\text{/KWH}} = \$34.21 / \text{day}$ 

Total=\$34.21/day or \$12,486.94/year

#### **LED (After Condition)** Power Consumption

 $52_{\text{Lights}} \times 138_{\text{Watts/Light}} / 1,000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 13_{\text{hours/day}} \times \$0.10_{\text{/KWH}} = \$9.33/\text{day}$ 

 $16_{\text{Lights}} \times 138_{\text{Watts/Light}} / 1,000_{\text{Watts/KWH}} \times 7_{\text{hours/day}} \times \$0.10_{\text{KWH}} = \$1.55/\text{day}$ 

# **Nodes and Dimming Control Modules Power consumption**

52 Nodes x 2 Watts/Node/1,000 Watts/KWH x 13 hours/day x \$0.10 /KWH = \$0.14 /day

 $16 \\ \text{Nodes} \\ x2 \\ \text{Watts/Node} \\ /1,000 \\ \text{Watts/KWH} \\ x7 \\ \text{hours/day} \\ x\$0.10 \\ \text{/KWH} \\ =\$0.02 \\ /day$ 

Total=\$11.04/day or \$4,029.60/year

67.7% Reduction ~ \$8,457.34/year



## **Lessons Learned**

# Maintenance has been to the project about a dozen times trouble shooting issues.

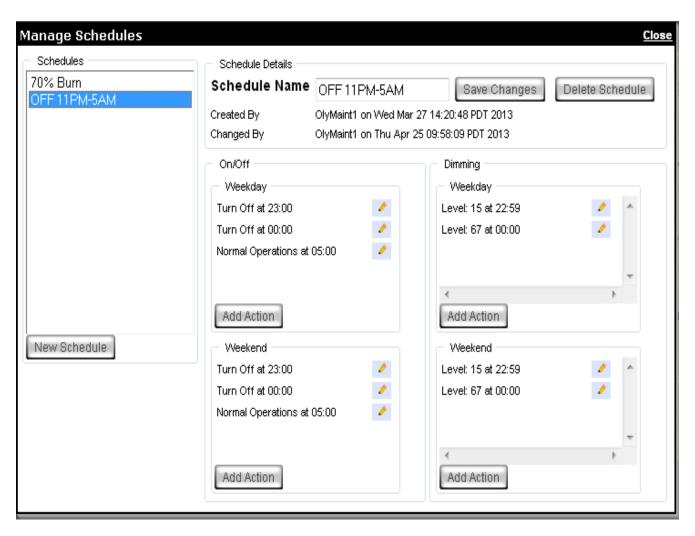
- Approximately 12 poles repeatedly blowing fuses.
  - High inrush current > 100 AMPS, switched to 20amp slow blow fuses
- 1 transformer had to be replaced.
- 1 bad driver in a fixture, works at half power.
- 1 bad fixture, keeps shorting out & blowing fuses.
- 13 Nodes would not connect.
- Several fixtures were delivered with wiring issues (Pinched, chaffed, bad insulation)



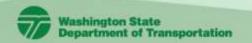
## **Lessons Learned**

- Order Spares Fixtures and Control Nodes.
- Polarity of the circuit appears to make a difference in both the head and node.
- Use slow blow fuses due to high inrush current
- LED fixtures are evolving rapidly so expect some out of the box failures.
- Issues with using one main photocell and communication with the nodes. Also adds another step in maintenance trouble shooting the system, they have to log in to ROAM and turn all the lights on in addition to flipping the test bypass switch.
- Test to make sure your control system will work will your selected luminaire.

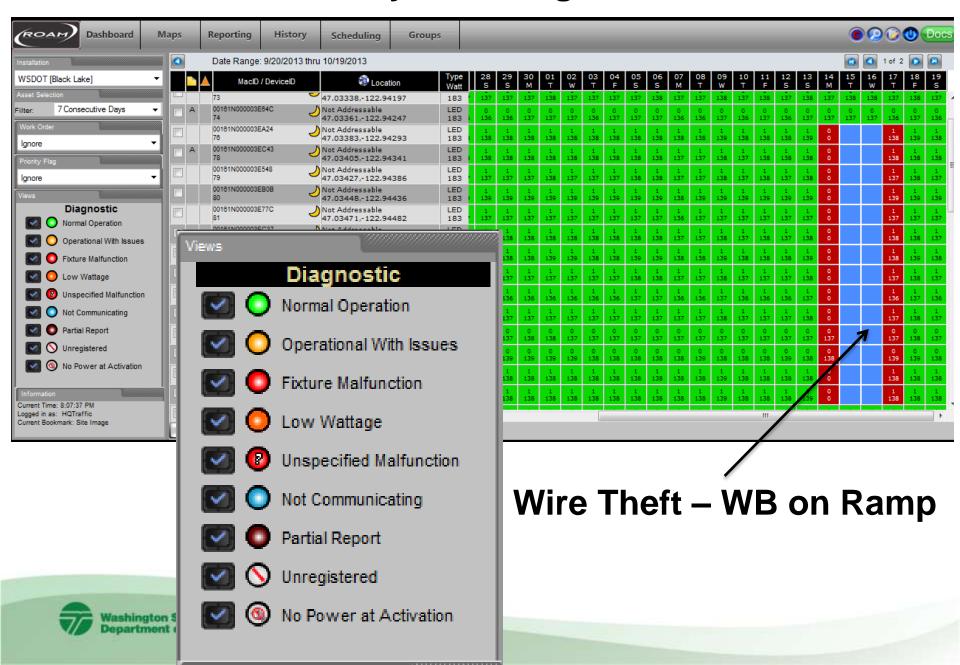
## **ROAM Operations & Asset Tracking**



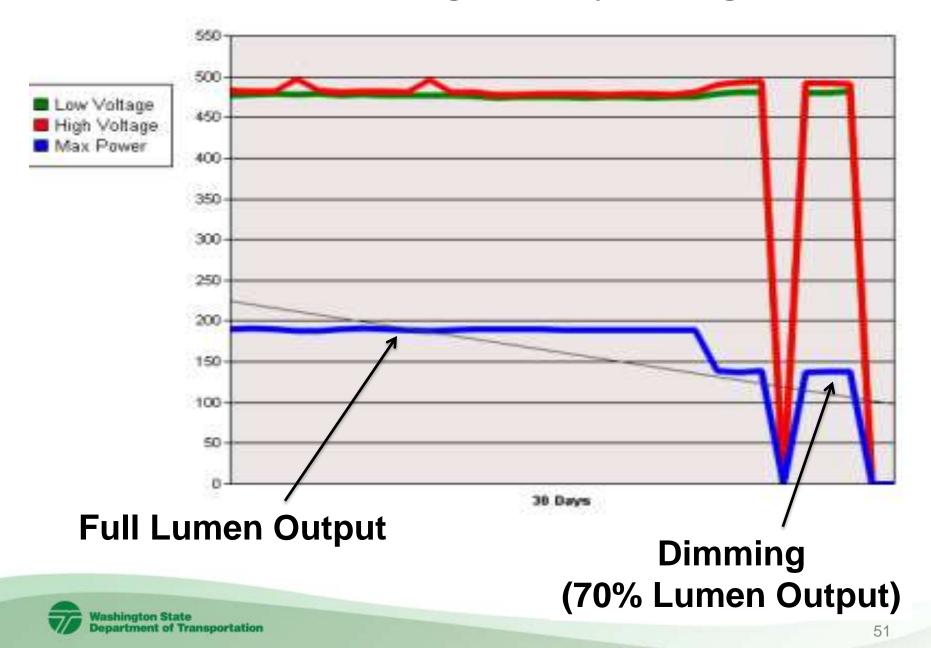




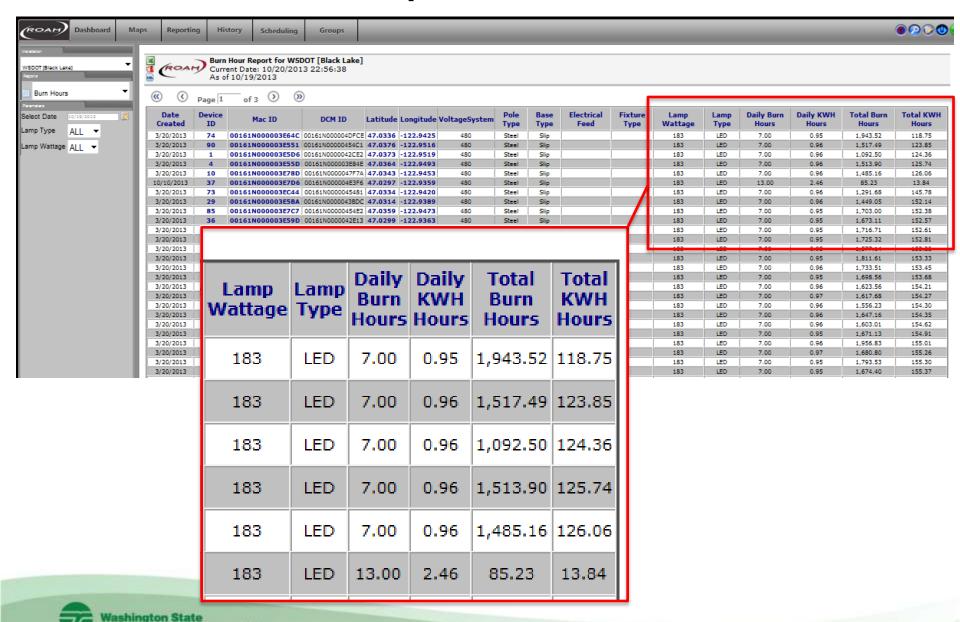
## **ROAM System Diagnostics**



#### **ROAM Power Usage History Per Light**



## **ROAM Burn Hour Report for US 101 & Black Lake**



epartment of Transportation

#### For more information on the

# US 101 Adaptive LED Lighting Project and Illumination Reform

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WSDOT Illumination Design Standards: <a href="www.wsdot.wa.gov/Design/Traffic">www.wsdot.wa.gov/Design/Traffic</a>

LED Pilot Project: <u>www.wsdot.wa.gov/Design/Traffic/Electrical/LEDPilotProject</u>

